CENTRAL UNIVERSITY OF ANDHRA PRADESH ANANTHAPURAMU

Learning Outcomes-based Curriculum Framework (LOCF) for Undergraduate Programme



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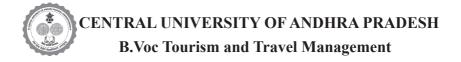
B.Voc Tourism and Travel Management

Structure and Syllabus

(With effect from 2021-2022 Batch)

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Important Information to Students

- I. The minimum duration for completion of any UG Programme is 6 semesters (3 academic years) and the maximum duration is 12 semesters (6 academic years) or as per amendments made by the regulatory bodies from time to time. For completion of any programme, the maximum duration is double the duration of the programme concerned.
- II. A student should attend at least 75% of the classes, seminars, practicals in each course of study as may be prescribed and at least 60% in redo course.
- III. An on-campus elective course is offered only if a minimum of 10 students or 40% of the registered students in the class, whichever is higher, exercise their option for that course.
- IV. All theory courses in UG programmes carry a Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) component to a maximum of 40 marks and End-Semester Examination (ESE) for a maximum of 60 marks
- V. The students pursuing Undergraduate Programme should pass separately in both the CIA and ESE, i.e., the students need to secure 16 (40% of 40) out of 40 marks in the CIA and 24 (40% of 60) out of 60 marks in the semester-end examinations for theory courses.
- VI. Students failing to secure the minimum pass percentage marks in CIA are not allowed to take the end semester exam of that particular subject in that semester. Student has to redo the course by attending the classes for a semester to gain the pass percentage in the internal tests in order to take the end semester examinations.
- VII. Students failing a course due to lack of attendance have to **redo** the course.
- VIII. The semester-end question paper pattern:
 - a. Section A : should answer 5 out of 8 questions -5x2=10 Marks.

- b. Section B : should answer all 5 questions with internal choice covering all units (for example: Q1 a or b, Q2 a or b, Q3 a or b, Q4 a or b, Q5 a or b) 5Q x4M = 20 marks
- c. Section C : should answer all 2 questions with internal choice (for example: Q1 a or b, Q2 a or b) 2Q x 10M = 20 Marks
- d. Section D : Case Study is compulsory -1Qx10M = 10 Marks
- IX. Re-evaluation is applicable only for theory papers and shall not be entertained for other components such as Practical / Thesis / Dissertation etc.

CENTRAL UNIVERSITY OF ANDHRA PRADESH

B.Voc in Tourism and Travel Management: Semester and Course-wise Credits

	Discinline	Discipline	Ability Enhancement	Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC)	ment Courses C)				
Sem	Core (DSC) (L+T+P)	(DSE) / (DSE) / Generic Elective (GE)	Compulsory Courses (AECC), Languages (L+T+P)	Skill based (L+T+P)	Value based/ Add-on (L+T+P)	Internship	Internship Project Work	Lab	Total Credits
ч	DSC 1 (5) DSC 2 (5) DSC 3 (5) DSC 4 (5)	EL by MOOC-1 (2)	Communication Skills –I (5)	Computer Skills (3)	Value based/ Add-on Course	I	I	Comp. Lab (2)	32
Ш	DSC 5 (5) DSC 6 (5) DSC 7 (5)	EL by MOOC-2 (3)	Communication Skills -II (5)	Python Programming (3)	Value based/ Add-on Course	Internship During Intervening summer between II and III semesters	I	Comp. Lab (2)	28
Ш	DSC 8 (5) DSC 9 (5) DSC 10 (5) DSC 11 (5)	EL by MOOC-3 (2)	Basic Statistics (5)	Accounting and Financial Management (5)	Accounting and Financial Value based/ Management Add-on Course (5)	ł	ł	ł	32
IV	DSC 12 (5) DSC 13 (5) DSC 14 (5) DSC 15 (5)	DSC 12 (5) DSC 13 (5) DSC 13 (5) DSC 14 (5) MOOC-4 (3)	Research Methodology (4)	1	Value based/ Add-on Course	ł	ł	Comp. Lab (1)	28

B.Voc Tourism and Travel Management

	Discinline	Discipline	Ability Enhancement	Skill Enhance (SE	Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC)				
Sem	Core (DSC) (L+T+P)	(DSE) / Generic Elective (GE)	Compulsory Courses (AECC), Languages (L+T+P)	Skill based (L+T+P)	Value based/ Add-on (L+T+P)	Internship	Project Work	Lab	Total Credits
Λ	DSC 16 (5) DSC 17 (5) DSC 18 (5)	EL by MOOC- 5 (5)	Legal and Regulatory Framework in Tourism (5)	ł	Value based/ Add-on Course	1	Summer Training Project (5)		30
IA	DSC 19 (5) DSC 20 (5) DSC 21 (5)	DSE 1 (5) DSE 2 (5)	ł	Computer Reservation System (2)	ł	-	ł	Comp. Lab (3)	30
Total	105	25	24	13	I	I	5	8	180
Percentage	58.33	13.90	13.33	7.22	:	I	2.78	4.44	ł

Total Credits = 180

B.Voc Tourism and Travel Management

Alignment with CBCS

The B.Voc Tourism and Travel Management programme is aligned with Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) adopted by the Central University of Andhra Pradesh.

Types of Courses

The following types of courses are offered under CBCS

Core Courses (CC): A core course is a compulsory course. A student of B.Voc Tourism and Travel Management has to take 21 such Tourism and Travel Management courses over six semesters.

Elective Courses (EC): An elective course is a course that is to be chosen from a specified set of courses. These courses are of two types.

Discipline Specific Electives (DSE): These are elective courses that provide advanced undergraduate training in specialised areas of Tourism and Travel Management. A set of two, semester- specific, courses of this kind are offered in the sixth semester of the B.Voc Tourism and Travel Management programme. In this semester, a student has to take two such courses from the relevant semester's set of courses.

Generic Electives (GE): These courses, in disciplines other than Tourism and Travel Management, are intended to broaden the training of a student in the B.Voc Tourism and Travel Management programme. A student of B.Voc Tourism and Travel Management will take one such course, offered by another department, in each of the Semesters I, II, III, IV & V.

Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course (AECC). Five such courses are to be taken, one in each Semester I, II, III, IV & V.

Skill Enhancement Course (SEC). A student has to take one such course in Semester I, II III and one in Semester VI.

Massive Open Online Courses (MOOC): Online Courses being a norm now, there are a lot of organizations that offer these MOOC courses. The University Grants Commission (UGC) along with the MHRD (Ministry of Human Resource Development) has launched the MOOC program in India for higher secondary, bachelors and masters degrees. This will cover a wide range of subjects that may or may not be taught in regular campus studies. As per the UGC instructions, the B.Voc Tourism and Travel Management offers MOOC courses in the I, II, III, IV & V semesters.



CENTRAL UNIVERSITY OF ANDHRA PRADESH B.Voc Tourism and Travel Management

UGC Guidelines for B.Voc

Guidelines for Bachelor of Vocation (B.Voc) Programme under the National Skills Qualifications Framework (NSQF)

Preface

In pursuance of the University Grants Commission (UGC) scheme on skill development based higher education as part of college/university education leading to Bachelor of Vocation (B.Voc.) Degree, the university has decided to introduce the skill education-based degree programme leading to the award of the B.Voc degree.

As per the UGC scheme and in coherence with the NSQF, B.Voc Programme is designed with facilities for multiple exits/entry into the programme and, depending on the skill level attained, the student may be awarded Diploma/ Advanced Diploma or a B.Voc degree at the end of the 6 - semester programme as the case may be. It is expected that the B.Voc. programme would enable its products making a meaningful participation in Tourism and Travel Management activities of the country through adequate employment and entrepreneurship.

Eligibility Criteria

a) To be eligible for admission to a Bachelors in Vocational degree programme of study, a candidate must have secured a minimum of 45% of the aggregate marks in class +2 level from a recognized Board of School Education or an equivalent grade/NSQF certification level. Admission to first semester or level 4 of bachelors vocational degree programme under NSQF can be made as per following categorization unless otherwise prescribed by Advisory Committee of Bachelor of Vocational Degree Programmes

Category-1: Candidates who have already acquired 50 prescribed NSQF certification level in a particular industry sector and opted for admission in the Bachelor of Vocational degree programme under same sector for which he/she was previously certified at school level.

Category-2: Students who have acquired requisite NSQF certification Level but may like to change their sector and may enter in B.Voc course in a different sector.

Category-3: Students who have passed 10+2 examination with conventional schooling without any background of vocational training.

Category-4: Students who have qualified equivalent examination from polytechnic in the same field may also be considered eligible.

b) Equal weightage, at par with other subjects, would be given to vocational subjects at +2 level while considering the candidates for admission.

Duration:

The duration of the B.Voc Tourism and Travel Management course shall ordinarily be of three years duration which shall be evenly distributed into 6 semesters. There shall be at least 90 teaching-learning days in a semester excluding the evaluation time.

Programme Structure

The B.Voc programmes shall have a mix of general and skill component in which 40% of the total content shall be of general nature including language courses in English while the remaining 60% of the content shall be on skill development. The syllabi of the various programmes shall be approved and amended as may be needed from time to time by the concerned university authorities.

Levels of Awards

The certification levels will lead to Diploma/Advanced Diploma/B.Voc Degree in one or more vocational areas and will be offered under the aegis of the university. This is outlined in Table-I.

Award	Duration	Corresponding NSQF
Diploma	1 Year	5
Advanced Diploma	2 Years	6
B.Voc. Degree	3 Years	7

Table – I

NSQF Level	Skill Component Credits	General Education Credits	Total Credits for Award	Normal Course Duration	Exit Points / Awards
4	18	12	30	One Semester	Certificate
5	36	24	60	Two Semesters	Diploma
6	72	48	120	Four Semesters	Advanced Diploma
7	108	72	180	Six Semesters	B.Voc Degree

Credit Distribution & Certification Levels

Credit Distribution Structure

The B.Voc programme shall have multiple exit/ entry points. Any candidate admitted in such a course of the university may complete all the six semesters successfully at one go and leave the university with a B.Voc Degree in the relevant skill sector opted by her/him. A student shall however have the option to exit from the course after successfully completing the first year with a certificate in the relevant subject. If the candidate opts to exit after successfully completing the second year of the programme, student may do so with an Advanced Diploma in the relevant trade.

Semester	Skill Component Credit	General Component Credit	Total Credit	Cumulative Credit at the end of the Semester
Semester I	18	12	30	30
Semester II	18	12	30	60
Semester III	18	12	30	90
Semester IV	18	12	30	120
Semester V	18	12	30	150
Semester VI	18	12	30	180

The full 6 semester Credit Distribution Structure of the course is as under:

The curriculum is designed in a manner that at the end of year-1, year-2 and year-3, the students are able to meet below mentioned level descriptors for level 5, 6 and 7 of NSQF respectively:

Level Descriptors under NSQF

Level	Process required	Professional Knowledge	Professional Skill	Core skill	Responsibility
Level 5	Job that requires well developed skill, with clear choice of procedures in familiar context	Knowledge of facts, principles, Processes and general concepts, in a field of work or study	Knowledge of facts, principles,A range of cognitive and besired mathem facts, principles,Desired mathem and shills required to and some skill o and some skill o 	Desired mathematical skill, understanding of social, political and some skill of collecting and organizing information, communication.Responsibility for newn work and learning and Some tesponsibility for other's works and learning	Responsibility for own work and learning and Some responsibility for other's works and learning
Level 6	Demands wide range of specialized technical skill, clarity of knowledge and practice in broad range of activity involving standard / non-standard practices	Factual and theoretical knowledge in broad contexts within a field of work or study	Factual andA range of cognitive and practical skills required to knowledge in broad generate solutions to specific contexts within a field of work or study	Reasonably good in mathematical Responsibility calculation, understanding of for own work to social, political and, reasonably learning and fu good in data collecting responsibility to organizing information, and logical communication learning	Responsibility for own work and learning and full responsibility for other's works and learning
Level 7	Requires a command of wide ranging specialized theoretical and practical skill, involving variable routine and non-routine context	Wide ranging, factual and theoretical knowledge in broad contexts within a field of work or study	Wide range of cognitive and practical skills required to generate solutions to specific problems in a field of work or study	Good logical and mathematical Full responsibility Skill understanding of social for output of grou political and natural environment and development good in collecting and organizing information, communication and presentation skill	Full responsibility for output of group and development

Professional knowledge is what a learner should know and understand with reference to the subject.

Professional skills are what a learner should be able to do. а. b.

B.Voc Tourism and Travel Management

Core skills refer to basic skills involving dexterity and use of methods, materials, tools and instruments used to perform the job including IT skills needed for that job. *.*

Responsibility aspect determines the (i) nature of working relationship, (ii) level of responsibility for self and others, (iii) managing change and *(iv) accountability for actions.* ď.



SYLLABUS (w.e.f. Academic Year 2021-22)

In pursuance of the University Grants Commission (UGC) scheme on skill development based higher education as a part of college/university education leading to Bachelor of Vocational (B.Voc.) Degree, The University has decided to introduce the skill education-based degree Programme leading to the award of B.Voc Degree in Tourism and Travel Management.

The programme as per the UGC scheme and in coherence with NSQF framework, is designed with facilities for multiple exits/entry into the programme and, depending on the skill level attained, the student may be awarded Certificate/Diploma/Advanced Diploma or a B.Voc Degree at the end of 6-semester programme as the case may be.

Programme Objectives - B.Voc TTM

At the end of the programme, the student should be able to

- have an overview of all the relevant areas of Tourism and Travel Management
- understand the concepts of Tourism and Travel Management thoroughly.
- complete internships/projects in organizations and gain practical knowledge in the tourism and travel sector.
- develop the skill and knowledge about Tourism and Travel Management.
- be industry ready and enhance employability skills to slide into tourism and travel sector.
- be confident to start a small entrepreneurial activity in tourism and travel sector.
- gain confidence to be self-reliant and create employment opportunities for others in tourism and travel sector.

Programme includes

- Internship in organisations during the intervening summer between II and III semesters of the programme.
- Summer Training Project (STP) in organisations during the intervening summer between IV and V semesters of the programme.
- Educational tour (which is evaluated through report and presentation) of not more than 10 days and entire cost of the tour should be borne by the student.



CENTRAL UNIVERSITY OF ANDHRA PRADESH B.Voc Tourism and Travel Management

Programme Structure

Total Number of Credits for B.Voc RMIT Programme: 180

a N	Course		Number of	Co	ntac	t Hou	irs
S.No	Code	Course Title	Credits	L	Т	S/P	Lab
	Semester	- I					
1	BTT 101	Computer Skills	5	45	00	10	35
2	BTT 102	Communication Skills – I	5	30	30	10	
3	BTT 103	Introduction to Marketing	5	55	10	10	
4	BTT 104	Principles and Practices of Management	5	55	10	10	
5	BTT 105	Tourism Principles, Policies and Practices	5	55	10	10	
6	BTT 106	Travel Management	5	55	10	10	
7	BTT 107	MOOCs	2				
8	BTT 108	Add-on Course					
		Total	32				
	Semester	– II					
1	BTT 201	Python Programming	5	45	10	10	35
2	BTT 202	Communication Skills-II	5	30	30	10	
3	BTT 203	Introduction to Hospitality	5	55	10	10	
4	BTT 204	Tourism Products of India	5	55	10	10	
5	BTT 205	Managerial Economics	5	55	10	10	
6	BTT 206	MOOCs	3				
7	BTT 207	Add-on Course					
		Total	28				
	Semester	– III					
1	BTT 301	Organizational Behavior	5	55	10	10	30
2	BTT 302	Customer Relationship Management	5	55	10	10	
3	BTT 303	Basic Statistics	5	55	10	10	
4	BTT 304	Accounting and Financial Management	5	55	10	10	
5	BTT 305	Hotel Operations	5	55	10	10	
6	BTT 306	Global Tourism Geography	5	55	10	10	
7	BTT 307	MOOCs	2				
8	BTT 308	Add-on Course					
		Total	32				

S.No	Course	Course Title	Number of	C	ontac	t Hou	rs
5.110	Code	Course The	Credits	L	Т	S/P	Lab
	Semester -	- IV					
1	BTT 401	Research Methodology	5	55	10	10	
2	BTT 402	Human Resource Management in Travel and Tourism	5	55	10	10	
3	BTT 403	Travel Agency and Tour Operations	5	55	10	10	
4	BTT 404	Airline and Cargo Management	5	55	10	10	
5	BTT 405	Special Interest Tourism	5	55	10	10	
6	BTT 406	MOOCs	3				
7	BTT 407	Add-on Course					
		Total	28				
	Semester -	-V					
1	BTT 501	Business Strategy and Entrepreneurship	5	55	10	10	
2	BTT 502	Legal and Regulatory Framework in Travel and Tourism	5	55	10	10	
3	BTT 503	Event Management and MICE	5	55	10	10	
4	BTT 504	Basic Airfare and Ticketing	5	55	10	10	
5	BTT 505	Summer Training Project	5	55	10	10	
6	BTT 506	MOOCs	5				
7	BTT 507	Add-on Course					
		Total	30				
	Semester -	-VI		·	·	·	
1	BTT 601	Sales and Distribution Management in Tourism	5	55	10	10	
2	BTT 602	Responsible Tourism	5	55	10	10	
3	BTT 603	Computer Reservation System	5	55	10	10	
4	BTT 604	Tourism and Disaster Management	5	55	10	10	
5	BTT	Elective – 1 (Group – A)	5	55	10	10	
6	BTT	Elective – 2 (Group – B)	5	55	10	10	
		Total	30				

S.No	Course	Course Title	Number of	C	ontac	t Hou	rs
5.110	Code	Course The	Credits	L	Т	S/P	Lab
	Semester VI	GROUP A: Electives					
1	BTT 611	Tour Guiding and Interpretation	5	55	10	10	
2	BTT 612	Tourist Behavior and Cross Cultural Management	5	55	10	10	
3	BTT 613	Tour Leadership and Management	5	55	10	10	
4	BTT 614	Airport Operations Management	5	55	10	10	
5	BTT 615	International Tourism	5	55	10	10	
	Semester VI	GROUP - B: Electives	·				
1	BTT 621	Basic Logistics and Supply Chain Management	5	55	10	10	
2	BTT 622	Shipping and Multimodal Transport Management	5	55	10	10	
3	BTT 623	Forex Management	5	55	10	10	
4	BTT 624	Export Import Documentation					
5	BTT 625	Cruise Operations and Management	5	55	10	10	
		TOTAL	180				

Note:

- Any online/MOOC course taken by the student must be approved by the competent authority
- L = Lectures, T = Tutorials, P = Presentations, S = Seminars, Lab = Computer Laboratory



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Credit Distribution

Semester	Total Credits	Cumulative Credit at the end of the Semester
Semester I	32	32
Semester II	28	60
Semester III	32	92
Semester IV	28	120
Semester V	30	150
Semester VI	30	180

Semester-End Examination

Maximum Marks: 60

Time: 3 Hours

Dissertation

Dissertation/Project report : Evaluation - 50 marks Viva-voce - 50 marks

SEMESTER-WISE DETAILED SYLLABUS

SEMESTER - I

Course Code : **BTT 101** Core/ Elective : **Core** No. of Credits : **5**

Course Title Computer Skills

Course Objectives

- To give students an in depth understanding of why computers are essential components in business, education and society.
- To provide exposure to understand the services provided by different operating systems and basic commands in MS DOS.
- To provide hands on use of Microsoft Office applications: Word, Excel and PowerPoint. Completion of the assignments will result in MS Office applications' knowledge and skills.

Learning Outcome

 Will be able to understand computing devices and reinforce computer vocabulary, particularly with respect to personal use of computer hardware & software, the internet, networking and mobile computing.

Unit I

Computer Fundamentals: Components of a computer system - Classification of computers - Types of computers - Generation of computers - Computer hardware and software - Input/output devices, internet and web surfing etc. Personnel Computers: PC, Primary & Secondary storage devices - Other peripherals used with PC.

Unit II

Introduction to Operating Systems: Goals & structure of O.S - Basic functions - Batch, Multiprogramming - Multitasking - Time Sharing - Parallel - Distributed & Real - Time O.S.

Concept of MS - DOS: Internal and External commands - Path, prompt - Rmdir, time, ver - vol - Echo - Chkdsk - Diskcopy - Label - Scandisk - Replace - Format - Fdisk - Windows - Windows explorer - Print manager - Control panel etc.

Unit III

Data Communication & Networks: Communication Medias - Communication Modes - Goals of Networks - Types of Networks - Client/Server Computing -Network Topologies - MODEM - Gateways - Multiplexer - Bridges - Routers - Ethernet - Internet - WWW etc.

Unit IV

MS Office: Focus is on teaching how to use Office suite properly.

MS Word: The following features are explored for MSWord

- i. Templates using existing templates and creating new templates.
- ii. Complex Tables, Use of pictures with text flowing around the picture, Sectioning, Captioning, Cross Referencing, Table of Contents.
- iii. Using Equation editor for complex equations, Multiple Column format documents.

Unit V

MS Excel & PowerPoint: Using complex equations for combining data, VLOOKUP function - Excel charts - Excel Sort - Excel Filter - Pivot Table.

MS PowerPoint: Using Animations and Transitions.

Textbook

V Rajaraman, Fundamentals of Computers, PHI, Sixth Edition, 2014

Reference

Efraim Turban, R. Kelly Rainer Jr, Richard E. Potter, Introduction to Information Technology, John Wiley & Sons, (Asia) Pvt. Ltd. Singapore, 2004.

Course Objectives

- To make the student communicate using the basics of grammar
- To help the student apply various basic grammatical concepts for language proficiency
- To enable the student to enhance their vocabulary

Learning Outcome

• Will be able to communicate in English in all respects of tourism industry.

Unit I

Introduction to English Pronunciation: Spoken English, its need and importance - Pronunciation - Pronunciation and listening - Pronunciation and spelling - Intelligibility and a model of pronunciation - Important features of pronunciation - Sounds - Production of speech sounds - Word accent - Intonation.

Unit II

Greeting and Introduction: Expressing opinions - Asking questions/ asking information and giving information - Giving instructions/ following instructions.

Unit III

Sentence and its Types: Parts of speech - Tense and aspect - Modals: positive and negative statements - Conditionals - Direct and indirect speech - Active voice and passive voice.

Unit IV

Vocabulary: Content and structural words - Active and receptive/passive use of vocabulary-Learningvocabulary-Understandingvocabularyincontext-Phrasal verbs - Management vocabulary - Making short presentation - Presentation.

Unit V

Report writing: Features of writing a good report - Purpose of report writing - Characteristics of a good report - Importance of communication in report writing - Guidelines for report writing - Steps in report writing - Structure of a report - Types of reports and different formats - Academic English

Textbooks

Coe, N. (2006) Oxford Practice Grammar Intermediate: With Answers. Oxford University Press.

Eastwood, J (2005) Oxford Learner Grammar: Grammar Finder.

References

Karal, R. (2016). English Grammar Just for You: English - Kannada. Oxford University Press.

Pal, R., & Korlahalli, J. S. (1979). Essentials of Business Communications. Chand.

Course Objectives

- Analyse, evaluate and respond to environmental and competitive changes, their impact on marketing planning, strategies and practices.
- Apply the conceptual frameworks, theories and techniques to various marketing contexts.
- Design marketing and sales plan appropriate to the needs of customers and contexts.

Learning Outcome

• Will be able to understand the concepts of marketing and apply them in the context of tourism.

Unit I

Understanding Marketing Management: Marketing for the new realities - Developing marketing strategies and plans - Creating long - term loyalty relationships - Marketing Mix: Product Marketing Mix - Service marketing Mix - 4Ps, 7Ps of Marketing.

Unit II

Capturing Marketing Insights: Collecting information and forecasting demand - Conducting marketing research - Connecting with customers: Analysing consumer markets - Analysing business markets - Tapping into global markets - Value chain in marketing.

Unit III

Building Strong Brands: Identifying market segments and targets - Crafting the brand position - Creating brand equity - Addressing competition and driving growth. Creating Value: Setting product strategy - Designing and managing

services - Introducing new market offerings - Developing pricing strategies and programs - Impact of Covid on Marketing strategies.

Unit IV

Communicating Value: Designing and managing integrated marketing communications - Managing mass communications: Advertising, sales promotions, events, experiences and public relations - Managing digital communications: online, social media and mobile - Managing personal communications: direct marketing, database marketing and personal selling.

Unit V

Delivering Value: Designing and managing integrated marketing channels -Managing retailing, wholesaling and logistics. Marketing responsibility for Longterm success: Managing a holistic marketing organization for the long run.

Text Books

Kotler, Philip. "Marketing Management - The Millennium Edition Prentice Hall of India Private Limited." New Delhi (2007): 35 - 8.

Ramaswamy, V. S., & Namakumari, S. (2002). Marketing Management: Planning, Implementation & control: Global perspective Indian context. MacMillan.

Reference

Kotler, P., Keller, K. L., Koshy, A., & Jha, M. (2009). Marketing management: A south Asian perspective

Saxena, R. (2005). Marketing Management. Tata McGraw Hill Education.

Course Objectives

- To provide conceptual understanding of principles and practices of management.
- To familiarize with the contemporary issues in management.

Learning Outcome

• Will be able to analyze various aspects of management in tourism industry.

Unit I

Introduction to Management: Functions of Management - Principles of management - Definitions of management - Nature of management - Evolution of management thought: Classical approach and modern approaches - Organisation chart.

Unit II

Planning: Introduction - Nature of planning - Importance of planning - Types of plans - Steps in planning process - Objectives and process of planning - Strategies - Policies and planning - Decision making: Introduction to decision making and significance of decision making - Types of decisions - Decision making process.

Unit III

Organisation: Meaning and definitions of organising - Benefits of organising - Span of management - Process of organising - Authority delegation and decentralization: Difference between authority and power - Coordination: Introduction - Principles of coordination - Types of coordination.

Unit IV

Human Resource Management and Staffing: Human resource management and selection - Recruitment, training - Performance appraisal and career strategy - Leadership: definitions and meaning of leadership - Leadership theories - Leadership styles - Leadership qualities.

Unit V

Motivation and Controlling: Control techniques - Steps in control process - Types of control - Importance of controlling and levels of controlling - Motivation: Definitions and meaning of motivation - Motivation theories - Motivational techniques - Organisational communication.

Text Books

Koontz, H. (2010). Essentials of Management. Tata McGraw - Hill Education. Robbins, S. P., & Coulter, M. (2007). Principles of management.

References

Prasad, L. M. (2000). Principles and Practice of Management. Chand.Tripathi, P. C. (2008). Principles of Management. Tata McGraw - Hill Education.

Course Objectives

- To realize the potential of tourism industry in India
- To understand various elements of Tourism Management

Learning Outcome

• Will be able to understand tourism policies in the national and international context.

Unit I

Tourism - An overview: Evolution of Tourism - Elements, nature and characteristics - Typology of tourism - Classification of tourists - Tourism network - Interdisciplinary approaches to tourism - Historical development of tourism - Major motivations and deterrents to travel.

Unit II

Tourism Industry: Structure and Components - 5As of Tourism - Transportation - F&B - Shopping - Entertainment - Infrastructure and hospitality - Emerging areas of tourism - Ideals of responsible tourism - Alternate tourism - Impacts of tourism - MNC's in tourism industry.

Unit III

Tourism Theories: Tourism Area Life Cycle (TALC) - Doxey's Index - Demonstration effect - Push and Pull Theory - Tourism System - Mathieson and Wall Model - Leiper's Model - Stanley Plog's Model of Destination Preferences - SCOR model for tourism - Bull-Whip Effect - Demand and supply in tourism - Tourism regulations - Present trends in domestic and global tourism.

Unit IV

Tourism Organizations: Role and Functions of World Tourism Organization (WTO), Pacific Asia Travel Association (PATA), World Tourism & Travel Council (WTTC), IATA, IHA.

Indian Tourism Organizations: Ministry of Tourism, Govt. of India, ITDC, Department of Tourism, APTA, APTDC, FHRAI, TAAI, IATO.

Unit V

Tourism Planning: Overview of five year plans with special reference to Eleventh Five Year Plan for Tourism - Development and promotion - National action plan - National tourism policy - Code of conduct for safe and sustainable tourism in India.

Text Books

Bhatia, A. K. (2006). International tourism management. Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.

Charles, R. G., Ritchie, J. B., & Woorow, R. (2006). Tourism: Principles, Practices, Philosophies.

References

Coltman, M. M. (1989). Introduction to Tourism and travel. An International Approach VanNostrand Reinhold.

Franklin, A. (2003). Tourism: An Introduction. Sage.

Gee, C. Y., Choy, D. J., & Makens, J. C. (1984). The travel industry. AVI Publishing Company, Inc.

Page, S., & Connell, J. (2006). Tourism: A Modern Synthesis. Cengage Learning EMEA.

Youell, R. (1998). Tourism: An Introduction. Addison Wesley Longman Ltd.

Course Objectives

- To realize the potential of travel industry in India.
- To familiarize with the nature and functioning of tourism and travel industry.

Learning Outcome

 Understand the various elements of Travel Management in the real time market

Unit 1

Growth of Travel through Ages: An ancient phenomenon - Accounts of famous travellers - Pleasure travel - Religion as a motivator - The Grand Tour - The concept of the annual holiday - Industrial revolution & the development of travel - Effects of the great war on the transport system - Advent of the jet - Advent of high - Speed trains.

Unit II

Growth & Development of Modern Tourism: Post - Second World War Phenomenon - Causes of rapid growth - Types of tourists - Motivation for Travel - Basic travel motivations - Social significance of travel - Evolution of Demand - Factors influencing the growth of tourism - Tourism organisations - Recommendation of The UN Conference - Tourist Organisations in India.

Unit III

Tourism Product: Concept of Tourism Product - Characteristics of tourism products - Nature of tourism products - Types of tourism products - Tourism demand, supply and policies - Measurement of tourism demand - Basic tourism supply components - Tourism policy - Tourism planning.

Unit IV

Tourist Transport: Air Transport - Security of aircraft and passengers -Road, Rail, Water Transport - Transport as an attraction - Impacts of Tourism: Economic impacts, environmental impacts, socio - cultural impacts, Cultural and political impacts - DGCA Regulations.

Unit V

Tourism Marketing & Promotion : Monitoring Progress - Time factor -Environment Planning - Regional Planning Considerations - Development of Infrastructure - Regional Development - Tourism & Economic Value of Cultural Resources - Cultural Tourism In India.

Text Books

Gosh, B. (2009). Tourism & Travel Management, 2E. Vikas Publishing House Pvt Ltd.

Leiper, N. (2004). Tourism Management (Vol. 455). Frenchs Forest: Pearson Education.

References

Agnihotri, V. (2007). A Complete Book on Tourism and Travel Management. Cyber Tech Publications.

Gee, C. Y., Choy, D. J., & Makens, J. C. (1984). The travel industry. AVI Publishing Company, Inc..

Robinson, P. E. T. E. R. (2009). Travel and Management: An Introduction. Operations Management in the Travel Industry, 1 - 13.

Semester : II

Course Code : **BTT 201** Core/ Elective : **Core** No. of Credits : **5**

Course Title **Python Programming**

Course Objectives

- To provide exposure to problem solving skills through programming.
- To train students on the basic concepts of the Python Programming language.
- To impart hands on experience with the concepts for thorough understanding.

Learning Outcome

Will be able to use Python tools and techniques to tackle the world of data

Unit I

Introduction to Python Programming: Features/characteristic of Python - Basic Syntax - Basic Data Types - Simple input - output - Precedence of operators - Type conversion - Conditional Statements - Looping: for, while, nested loops; Terminating loops - Skipping specific conditions - Scope and extent of variables - Testing and debugging principles.

Unit II

Strings & Lists: Concept - Escape characters - String special operations - String formatting operator - Single quotes - Double quotes - Triple quotes - Raw String - Unicode strings - Built - in String methods - List Type Built - in Methods - Special Features of Lists.

Unit III

Tuples, Dictionaries & Functions: Tuples - Tuple operators and built - in functions - Special features of tuples - Dictionaries, Operators, Built - in functions, Built - in methods, Dictionary keys - Functions - Calling functions - Creating functions - Formal arguments - Positional arguments - Default arguments - Variable - length arguments.

Unit IV

Files and Input/output: File Objects - File built-in function, File built-in methods - File built-in attributes - Standard files - Command-line arguments, File system - File execution - Persistent storage modules.

Unit V

Python for Data Science: Matplotlib - Importing libraries in python - Basic scatter plot - Creating axes - Line plot. - Customization: Title & axis labels - Adding legend - Annotations - Plot styles - Histograms - Bar graphs - Box and whisker plots.

Pandas: Series - Data frames - Reading CSV - Excel and JSON files - Analyzing data.

Textbooks

Beginning Python from Novice to Professional, Second Edition [Authors: Hetland, Magnus Lie] ISBN - 13: 978 - 9380501604 ISBN - 10: 9380501609

Python Data Analytics, Second Edition 2018, Author: Fabeo Nelli, Apress

References

Barry, Paul, Head First Python, 2nd Edition, O Rielly, 2010 ISBN: 9781491919521Lutz, Mark, Learning Python, 5th Edition, O Rielly, 2013 ISBN: 9781449355722Lutz, M. (2001). Programming python. "O'Reilly Media, Inc.".

Seitz, J., & Arnold, T. (2021). Black Hat Python: Python Programming for Hackers and Pentesters. No Starch Press.

Course Objectives

- To argue how it is easy for one to speak, read and write a language if one is exposed to listening.
- To create and inculcate a positive social behaviour among students.
- To make the student efficient in both reading and writing skills.

Learning Outcome

• Will be able to enhance their academic and professional capabilities in reading and writing.

Unit I

Listening Skills: Listening as a basic skill - Communication introduction -The emergence of listening as a skill and its meaning - Kinds of listening -Listening skills in question - Need for listening skills - Acquisition of listening skills - Activities.

Unit II

Speaking Skills: Speaking/listening - oral communication - Dos and Don'ts while speaking and listening - Importance of oral communication in real - Life situations - Revise the phonetics and pronunciation - Activities.

Unit III

Reading Skills: Reading Tactics and strategies - Reading for direct meanings -Reading purposes: kinds of purposes and associated comprehension - Reading for understanding concepts - Details, coherence, logical progression and meanings of phrases/expressions - Activities.

Unit IV

Writing Skills: Guidelines for effective writing - writing styles for application, resume, personal letter, official/business letter, memo, notices etc. - outline and revision.

Unit V

Activities: a) Formatting personal and business letters b) Organizing the details in a sequential order c) Converting a biographical note into a sequenced resume or vice - versa d) Ordering and sub - dividing the contents while making notes e) Writing notices for circulation/boards.

Text Book

Oxford Guide to Effective Writing and Speaking by John Seely.

References

English Grammar in Use (Fourth Edition) by Raymond Murphy, CUP The Lost Art of Listening by Michael P. Nichols, PhD Guilford press, Third Edition

- To acquaint the students with understanding of hospitality industry.
- To develop the understanding about various sectors and operations in hospitality industry.

Learning Outcome

• Able to obtain working knowledge of the skills and functions necessary to be an effective and efficient hospitality professional.

Unit I

Introduction to the Hospitality Industry and Careers in Hospitality Sector: Defining hospitality and tourism - Characteristics of the hospitality industry -Ways to improve services in hospitality industry - Service and total quality management - Careers in tourism and travel - Opportunities in conventions and expositions - Careers in recreation, leisure, amusement and theme parks -Growth opportunities in allied areas.

Unit II

The Hotel Business: Key players in this sector - Overview of hotel industry - Full - service hotels - Limited - service hotels - Extended - stay hotels - Convention hotels and conference centers - Resorts - Timeshares and condohotels.

Managed Services Offered in Hospitality Business: In - flight and airport services - Elementary and secondary school nutritional program - Colleges and universities services - health care services.

Unit III

Recreation, theme Parks and Club Operations: Defining recreation - Leisure and wellness service - Government sponsored recreation facilities - Club management - Changing trends in recreation and leisure.

Commercial Food Services Operations: Overview: profit - making (commercial) foodservices - Food and beverage operations in hotels - Upscale restaurants - casual - service (mid - scale) restaurants - Family - service restaurants.

Unit-IV

Business of Food Service Industry: Management of amusement and theme parks - Overview of the entertainment industry - Managing the man power - Emerging trends in food service industry.

Management Invention in Food Service: Planning and making budget of outlets - Preparations of financial account - Maintaining par stock - Inventory procedure.

Unit-V

Meetings, Incentive Travel, Conferences and Exhibitions (MICE): Professional meeting management - Preparing for wedding - Banquet management - Expo (Trade Show) management - Special events management.

Gaming Entertainment Industry: Defining gaming industry - Size and scope of gaming entertainment in india - Key players in the industry - Trends in the gaming and entertainment industry.

Text Books

Introduction to Hospitality Management by Walker, J. R. Pearson

Walker, J. R., & JOSIELYN, T. (2009). Introduction to hospitality (p. 656). Pearson/ Prentice Hall.

References

Jones, P. (2002). Introduction to hospitality operations: An indispensable guide to the industry. Continuum.

Welcome to Hospitality by Chon K.S. and Raymond: Thomson Educational Publishing.

- To make student familiarise with Tourism resources of India
- To conceptualize a tour based on variety of themes

Learning Outcome

• Will be able to identify and manage emerging tourist destinations, traditions and resources

Unit I

Introduction to Tourism Products of India: The concept of Tourism Products of India - Characteristics and classifications - Tourism product development - Crucial elements of tourism product designing - Destination/product life cycle - Product feasibility study - Physical features of India:- Northern mountains, Peninsular plateau, Indo - Gangetic plain, Thar desert, coastal plains and islands.

Unit II

Tourism Varieties of India: Adventure tourism - Elements and classification - Beach tourism destinations of India - Heritage tourism: Role of UNESCO in heritage preservation in India - Health Tourism: Methods approved by AYUSH - Medical tourism: Growth and promotion of medical tourism industry in India.

Unit III

Popular Tourist Destinations: Destinations in each state of the India - Destination management & Destination marketing: Importance of destination Management - Principles and theories of destination management - The nature of tourism destinations - Destination planning and policy - Management of the tourist destination - Segmenting and monitoring the tourist market.

Fairs and Festivals: Significance of fairs and festivals - Kumbha, Pushkar, Pongal/Makar Sankranti, Baishakhi, Meenakshi Kalyanam, Holi, Onam, Durga Puja, Ramleela Diwali - Kartik Purnima, (Dev Deepavali, Guru Parb), Dashahara (Kullu), Rathyatra, Bhrawafat, Id -ul- Fitr, Easter & Christmas, Carnival (Goa), Ganga Mahotsava, Taj Mahotsava, Khajuraho Mahotsava, Desert Festival

Unit V

Dance Forms and Music: Indian Art forms - History of Dance Styles -Classical Dance Forms:- Bharatanatyam, Kathak, Kathakali, Kuchipudi, Manipuri, Mohiniyattam, Odissi, Tribal Dances in India - Classical Music: Hindustani Music, Carnatic music, Main Gharanas of North Indian Music -Musical instruments.

Text Books

A.L. Basham (2004), The Wonder that was India, Picador Publications, ISBN:9780330439107

Manoj Dixit (2002), Tourism Products, New Royal Book Co. Lucknow. SBN:9788189267292

Reference

Sarina Singh, Mark Elliott, Abigail Blasi, Anirban Mahapatra (2013); Lonely Planet India, Lonely Planet Publications, ISBN:978 - 1742204123

- To help the learner get introduced to the economic concepts
- To make the students familiarise with the importance of economic approaches and theories in managerial decision making

Learning Outcome

• Will be able to understand the economic aspects in Tourism and travel perspective

Unit-I

Introduction: Meaning - Definition - Scope of managerial economics - Role and responsibilities of managerial economics - Distinction between economics and managerial economics - Circular flow of activities.

Unit-II

Demand Analysis: Demand - Law of Demand - Exceptions of Law of Demand - Change in demand and quantity demanded - Elasticity of Demand - Concept - Types of elasticity of demand - Factors involved in demand forecasting -Purposes of Forecasting - Demand estimation for consumable durables and non-durable products.

Unit-III

Supply Analysis: Supply - Law of supply - Change in supply and quantity supply - Elasticity of supply - Concept - Types of elasticity of supply - Demand and supply equilibrium.

Unit-IV

Production: Production functions - Short run production - Long-run production - Cost curves - Revenue curves - Break-Even point.

Market Structure: Perfect competition:- Features and price determination -Monopoly:- Features and price determination - Types of price discrimination.

Unit-V

Monopolistic Competition: Meaning and concept - Oligopoly: Features - Kinked demand curve - Types of pricing policies - Factors affecting pricing policy - Role of government in different economic systems and policies.

Text Books

Thomas, C.R., Charles, S.M and Sarkar, S. Managerial Economics. Ninth Edition Varshney, R and Maheshwari, K.L. Managerial Economics. Sultan Chand and Sons Publications. ISBN 978 - 81 - 8054 - 914 - 4

References

Samuelson, W. F., Marks, S. G., & Zagorsky, J. L. (2021). Managerial economics. John Wiley & Sons.

William, F. S., & Stephen, G. M. (2021). MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS. John Wiley.

Semester : III

Course Code : BTT 301
Core/ Elective : Core
No. of Credits : 5

Course Title

Organizational Behaviour

Course Objectives

- To familiarize the learners with the concepts of organizational behaviour.
- To enable the learner to get acquainted with the contemporary issues in management.

Learning Outcome

• Will be able to understand the functioning and management of organisations.

Unit I

Introduction to OB: Definition - Relationship with other fields - Theoretical frame works - environmental context - Globalization - Diversity of work force.

Unit II

Foundations of Behavior: Personality - Meaning - Role of heredity - SelfEsteem - Self efficacy - Socialization process - Person-Situation interaction - Big 5 personality traits - Organizational skills.

Unit III

Work Motivation: Meaning - Primary motive - Secondary motives - Approaches - Content theories - Process theories - Contemporary theories - Application of theories in work place - Job design.

Groups: Nature of groups - Dynamics of informal groups - Dysfunctions of groups and teams - Teams in modern work place - Leadership - Styles - Strategies - Behavioural.

Unit V

Negotiation Skills: Management - Introduction to Organisational Developmemmt (OD) Interventions - Stress - Emergence of stress - Causes - Organizational culture - Definition - Characteristics - Emergence of cultures -Maintaining a uniform culture - Changing organizational culture - Culture and climate differences - Challenges of organizations in the post-globalized era.

Text Books

Fred Luthans (1998) Organizational Behaviour. New Delhi: McGraw - Hill International Edition.

References

Udai Pareek (2004) Understanding Organizational Behaviour. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

K Aswathappa (2005) Organizational Behaviour Text cases games. New Delhi: Himalaya Publishing Company.

- To make students aware the importance of customer relationships.
- To learn how to improve the efficiency of the business through CRM.
- To make students learn how to use technology for business effectiveness.

Learning Outcome

• Will be able to understand various ways of managing the customers with different methods.

Unit I

Introduction to CRM: - Definition and basic concepts - Evolution of CRM practice and new paradigms - CRM - Conceptual framework of CRM - Current status of CRM in Indian business.

Unit II

CRM and Services Marketing - Tools for CRM - Campaign management - Public relations - Key account management - Measuring the effectiveness of CRM .

Unit III

Significance of Customer Retention - CRM and Knowledge Management - Life time value of the customer - Customer loyalty and involvement - CRM Implementation and effectiveness - Management of relationships.

Unit IV

Strategies for Profitable Dialog with Customers: Sales force automation, Marketing automation - Internal relationships - External relationships and supplier relationships - Electronic relationships.

Customer database management and data warehousing: Real - World applications - Customer relationship management analytics - Data mining techniques - Software solutions for CRM.

Text books

Jagdish N. Sheth and others - Customer Relationship Management - McGraw Hill William G. Zikmund - Customer Relationship Management - Wiley - 2005 Mark Godson - Relationship Marketing - Oxford University Press, 2009

References

Green - CRM at the speed of light - Tata McGraw Hill Stanley A. Brown - Customer Relationship Management - Pricewaterhouse Coopers

- To make students understand and present data to recognize patterns.
- To make them thorough on elements of probability.
- To build knowledge on theory of sampling and tests of hypothesis, statistical inference through regression.

Learning Outcome

• Will be able to understand the statistical tools for data analysis and apply them at the right place in a right way.

Unit I

Introduction to Data - Types of variables - Data collection principles - Types of studies - Types of measurement:- Nominal, Ordinal, Interval, Ratio - Other types of data - Visual, Text, Images and etc. - Examining numerical data - Graphical methods - Histograms and other graphs - Numerical methods:- The Average, Standard Deviation, etc.

Unit II

Measures of Central Tendency - Arithmetic Mean, Median, Mode, Geometric mean, Harmonic Mean for grouped and ungrouped data - Merits and demerits - Measures of dispersion - Range - Mean deviation - Quartile deviation - Standard deviation - Coefficient variation - Measures of skewness.

Unit III

Basic Definitions and rules of probability - Conditional probability - Probability Distributions:- Binomial, Poisson, Uniform and Normal distributions - Sampling and estimation - Random sampling - Introduction to sampling distributions - Relationship between sample size and standard error - Point estimates.

Testing of Hypotheses - Hypothesis - Steps in hypothesis testing - Measuring the power of a hypothesis test - Hypothesis testing of means and proportions - Hypothesis testing for differences between means and proportions.

Unit V

Regression Analysis - Meaning and definition - Types of regression - Regression lines - Properties of correlation and regression co - Efficients - Comparison of regression and correlation.

Text Books

Hooda R.P., Statistics for Business and Economics, 2nd edition, Macmillan India Ltd., 2010.

J.K. Sharma - Business Statistics - Pearson Publications.

References

David S. Moore - The Basic Practice of Statistics - W.H. Freeman & Company

Levine D.M., Krehbiel T.C. and Berenson M.L., Business Statistics: A First Course, Pearson Education Asia, 2nd edition, New Delhi, 5th Edition, 2009.

Morse L.B., Statistics for Business and Economics, HarperCollins college Publishers, New York, 1994.

S.P. Gupta. Statistical Methods. Sulthan Chand and Sons. Latest Edition.

- To acquaint the students with the fundamental principles of financial, cost and management accounting.
- To enable the students to prepare, analyse and interpret financial statements.

Learning Outcome

• Students will be acquire the basic knowledge on accounting and financial managment.

Unit I

Nature of Financial Management - Introduction - Scope of finance - Finance function - Financial goal - Profit Maximization v/s Wealth Maximization -Finance Functions - Investment, financing and dividend decisions - Functions of financial market - Classification of financial market - Skeleton of financial system.

Unit II

Capital Budgeting: Nature of investment decisions - Investment evaluation criteria - Net Present Value - Internal Rate of Return - Profitability Index - Payback Period - Accounting Rate of Return - NPV and IRR Comparison - Capital Rationing - Risk Analysis in Capital Budgeting.

Unit III

Financial Accounting: Accounting principles and conventions - Double Entry System - Introduction to accounting types - Preparation of Journal, Ledger - Trail Balance.

Accounting Cash Books: Preparation of final accounts - Profit and Loss Account - Balance Sheet.

Unit V

Financial Analysis - Financial Statements - Techniques of Financial Analysis - Ratio Analysis - Financial Ratios - Uses and Limitations of Ratio Analysis - Funds Flow Analysis - Cash Flow Analysis - Cost Accounting - Elements of Cost - Cost Accounting - Objectives - Cost Sheet - Classification of Cost -Techniques of Costing.

Text Books

Maheswari.S.N - Financial and Management Accounting, Vikas Publication House, New Delhi

Pandey.I.M., Financial Management, Vikas Publications

References

Datarrajan Cost Accounting - A Managerial Emphasis, Pearson Publications.

LAL, J Cost Accounting for Management, Himalaya Publishing House Mumbai

R.N. Anthony: Management Accounting - Text and Cases (Irwin)

- To provide a brief understanding about the hotel industry and its operations.
- To help the student to learn and find career opportunities in hotel industry.

Learning Outcome

• Will be able to understand and the hotel operations and choose career in the area

Unit I

Introduction: Overview of accommodation industry in India - Classification of hotels - Heritage hotels - Network demand & supply for accommodation in India - Types of accommodation: Conventional, supplementary and customized accommodation, Non-commercial & commercial establishments.

Unit II

Front Office Management: Organization structure - Functions - Attributes and skills of manager & executives - Reservation & cancellation procedures - Handling individuals and groups - Solving guests' problems - Automation/ CRS in front office - Travel desk.

Unit III

House Keeping: Organization structure - Functions - Works of executive house keeper - Rooms and floor cleaning practices and interior decorations - Types of rooms - House keeping control desk - Housekeeping supply rooms - Uniforms - Housekeeping practices - Co-ordination with other departments.

Food and Beverage Services: Organization structure - Department - Food production - Organization, Kitchen, Buffets - Beverages operation:- Functions and Outlets of F & B - Types of meal plans - Types of restaurants - Menu - Room service - Catering services - Food service: for the Airlines, Banquette, Corporate, MICE, Retail food market, Business/Industrial food service, Healthcare food service, Cruise ship, Railways.

Unit V

Administration and Finance: Finance and accounts - Sales and marketing - Administration - Revenue management - Yield management - Personnel management - Training and development - Safety management - Management of distribution channel.

Text Books

Negi. J (2008). Professional Hotel Management. Sultan Chand & Company, New Delhi.

Raghubalan, G. & Ragubalan S. (2009). Hotel Housekeeping Operations and Management, OUP, New Delhi.

References

Andrews, S. (2008). Front Office Management and Operation. TATA McGraw - Hill, New Delhi.

Andrews, S.(2009). Hotel Front Office Training Manual, Tata McGraw Hill, Mumbai.

Foskett, J.C.D. & Gillespie, C. (2002). Food and Beverage Management, Pearson Education, England.

Gray and Ligouri (2000), Hotel and Motel Management and Operations, PHI, New Delhi.

Spears, C.M. (2003). Food Service Organisation. A Managerial & Systems Approach, Prentice Hall, New Delhi.

Tewari, J.R. (2009). Hotel Front Office Operations and Management, OUP, Publication New Delhi.

- To create awareness on geographic features, customs and traditions of travel destinations in the world
- To enhance the knowledge on cultural values and traditions

Learning Outcome

• Will be able to understand the tourism potential of various tourist destinations and their geographic features, customs and traditions

Unit I

Introduction to World Geography: Elements of geography - Branches of geography - Physiography - Drainage systems - World's climatic zones and Vegetation - Latitudes and longitudes - Importance of geography in tourism - Study of maps.

Indian Geography: Physiography - Climate and vegetation - Natural and manmade attractions in India - Distinguished features of Indian Geography.

Unit II

IATA Areas, Codes and Time Calculation: IATA area classifications - IATA geography - IATA City codes - Airport codes and Airline codes - International time line - Time zones - Calculation of local times - Flying time - Day light saving time - Freedom of Air - Planning and development of tourism in different climatic regions - Tourism development in European Union and Asia Pacific Region - Popular destination countries and cities in the world - Political conditions of countries and their impact on tourism.

Unit III

Geography of North America and South America: Physical geography -

Topography - Climatic regions - Transport network, countries in the continents - Natural and man - made attractions.

Unit IV

Geography of Europe and Africa: Physical geography - Topography - Climatic regions - Transport network - Countries in the continents - Natural and man - made attractions.

Unit V

Geography of Asia and Australia: Physical geography - Topography - Climatic regions - Transport network - Countries in the continents - Natural and man - made attractions.

Text Books

Boniface B. & Cooper, C. (2009). Worldwide Destinations: The Geography of Travel & Tourism. Oxford Butterworth Heinemann, London.

Burton, R. (1995). Travel Geography. Pitman Publishing, Marlow Essex.

References

Boniface, B. G., & Cooper, C. P. (1994). The Geography of Travel and Tourism (No. Ed. 2). Butterworth - Heinemann Ltd.Williams, S. W. (2002). Tourism Geography. Routledge.

Semester : IV

Course Code : BTT 401
Core/ Elective : Core
No. of Credits : 5

Course Title

Research Methodology

Course Objectives

- To orient the students towards the basics of research, process of research.
- To enable the students in choosing appropriate method to the research problem.
- To familiarise the learner about certain basic elements and the craft of project report writing with a view to improve its overall quality.

Learning Outcome

• Will be able to take up research projects with statistical methods and project report writing

Unit I

Introduction - Meaning of Research - Types of research - Research process - Criteria of good research and ethics - Research methods vs methodology - Problems encountered by researchers in india.

Unit II

Review of Literature - Research Gap - Research Problem - Research Design and its types - Features of a good Research Design - Objectives - Scope -Hypothesis - Limitations - Identifying Methodology.

Unit III

Sampling - Sample Size - Sampling techniques - Census and sample survey - Sample design - Preparation of Questionnaire - Measurements of Scaling - Sources of Error in Measurement.

Data Collection: Primary data - Secondary data - Qualitative data - Quantitative data - Data analysis and interpretation - Statistical tools for data analysis - Introduction to SPSS - E-VIEWS.

Unit V

Preparation of Report: Steps in writing report - Layout of research report - Referencing Styles - Annexures - Bibliography.

Text Books

Kothari, C. R and Gaurav, G. Research Methodology Methods and Techniques.
 4th Edition, New Age International Publishers. ISBN 9789386649 - 22 - 5

References

- Ranjit Kumar. 2014. Research Methodology: A Step by Step Guide for Beginners, 4th Edition, SAGE Publications. ISBN 978-1-84920-300-5
- 2. Uwe Flick. 2012. Introducing Research Methodology: A Beginner's Guide to Doing a Research Project, Sage Publications. ISBN: 8601406063730

- To understand basic elements of human resource practices.
- To appreciate the contribution of human resources in success of tourism business.

Learning Outcome

• Will be able to learn the methods and mechanics of utilizing human resources in tourism sector.

Unit I

Human Resources Management: Context and concept of human resources management - Organization and functions of the HR - Structure and strategy in tourism - HR manager - Evolution of HR practices in indian context.

Unit II

Human Resource Planning: Job terminologies - Job Analysis - Job Description and Job Specification - Manpower planning - Recruitment - Selection and induction in tourism industry - Hiring trends in tourism industry.

Unit III

Employees Assistance Programmes: Coaching and mentoring - Performance appraisal - Career development - Promotions and transfers - Employees empowerment - Competency standards in tourism sector - Retention strategies.

Unit IV

Human Resource Development: Concept - Climate and culture of HRD, Mechanisms of HRD - Training and Development - Methods and evaluation of Training & Development Programmes - Potential appraisal.

Compensation: Concepts - Job Evaluation - Principles and Determinants of Compensation - Productivity, Employee Morale - Quality of Work Life (QWL). Career planning in tourism - Compensation issues in tourism sector.

Text Books

Pramod Verma: Personnel Management in Indian Organisations, 3rd edition Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Ltd. ISBN - 13 978-8120401044.

Venkata Ratnam C.S. & Srivatsava B.K.: Personnel Management and Human Resources, Tata Mc - Graw Hill ISBN: B003R5GDBK.

References

Bohlander, Snell, Sherman: Managing Human Resoruces, Thomson - South Western ISBN:0324007248

Human Resource Management - Text and Cases - VSP Rao excel books ISBN:9788174468956

Monappa, Arun & Sayiadain, Mirza (1979) Personal Management, 2nd edition New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill.

- To understand the significance of travel agency and tour operation business
- To know the current trends and practices in the tourism and travel sector.
- To develop adequate knowledge and skills applicable to travel industry.

Learning Outcome

Will be able to understand the operations of travel agencies and tour operators.

Unit I

Travel Trade: Historical perspectives - Emergence of thomas cook and american express company - Types of tour operators - Wholesale and retail travel agency business - Linkages and integration with the principal service providers - The changing scenario of travel trade.

Unit II

Travel Agency and Tour Operation Business: Functions of travel agency -Setting up a full-fledged travel agency - Sources of income of a travel agency - Diversification of business - Travel Insurance, Forex, Cargo & MICE -Documentation - IATA accreditation - Recognition from the Government.

Unit III

Itinerary Planning & Development: Meaning, Importance and types of itinerary - Resources and steps for itinerary planning - Do's and Dont's of itinerary preparation - Tour formulation and designing process - FITs - Group tour planning and components - Special Interest Tours (SITs).

Tour Packaging & Costing: Importance of tour packaging - Classifications of tour packages - Components of package tours - Concept of costing - Types of costs - Components of tour cost - Preparation of cost sheet - Tour pricing - Calculation of tour price - Pricing strategies - Tour packages of Thomas Cook, SOTC and TCI.

Unit-V

Roles and Responsibilities of Travel Trade Associations: Objectives - Roles and functions of UFTAA, PATA, ASTA, TAAI, IATO, ATAOI, ADTOI, IAAI, FIYTO, TAFI.

Travel Documents and Software: Travel agency documents and formats used in operations - TAV, MCO and their role - Different software used in Travel and Tour businesses.

Text Books

Chand, M. (2002), Travel Agency Management: An Introductory Text, Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

Negi. J (2005), Travel Agency Operations: Concepts and Principles, Kanishka, New Delhi.

References

Goeldner, R & Ritchie. B (2010), Tourism, Principles, Practices and Philosophies, John Wiley & Sons, London.

Holloway, J.C. (2002), The Business of Tourism, Prentice Hall, London, pp.220-279.

Roday. S, Biwal.A & Joshi. V. (2009), Tourism Operations and Management, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, pp - 164-296.

- To understand the structure and dynamics of airlines and air cargo industry.
- To enable the students to acquire skills in managing airlines and cargo.

Learning Outcomes

 Will get acquainted with various operations and management of airlines and cargo.

Unit I

Aviation History: Open sky policy - Freedoms of Air - International conventions - Warsaw Convention - Chicago Convention - Functions and role of ICAO, IATA, DGCA and Airport Authority of India - Types of airclafts - Types of aircrafts - Study of aircraft parts.

Unit II

Airport Management: Travel documentation - Airport facilities - Check-in formalities - In-flight services - Classes of service and comfort - Special passengers - Baggage handling - Procedures and practices. Major strategic airlines alliances, Privatization and de-regulation, linkages between aviation and tourism industry, The future of airports and airlines.

Unit III

Introduction to Fare Construction: Mileage principles - Special fares - Passenger ticket - Multiple Purpose Document (MPD) - Billing and Settlement Plan - International credit cards. Case studies of selected airlines.

Air Cargo: Aircraft and cargo terminal facilities - Cargo booking procedures -Air cargo rates and charges - Cargo capacity of airlines and ships - Cargo with special attention - Introduction to dangerous goods - Live animal regulation.

Unit V

Cargo Documentation: Air way bill - Charges collection advice - Irregularity report - Cargo manifesto - Cargo Transfer Manifesto - Declaration for dangerous goods - Cargo companies.

Text Books

Gautam, P. (2015). Online Airline Ticketing System.

Jagmohan Negi (2005) Air Travel Ticketing and Fare construction, Kanishka, New Delhi.

References

Air Cargo Tariff Manual.

IATA Training Manual.

IATA live Animals Regulation Manual.

Ratandeep Singh (2008), Handbook of Global Aviation Industry and Hospitality services, Kanishka Publishers, New Delhi.

- To gain knowledge about the various types of emerging thrust areas of tourism in detail.
- To get acquainted with minimum standards to be maintained by the adventure service providing organisations.
- To help the learner to work and to takeup entrepreneurship in the areas of special interest.

Learning Outcomes

Will be able to create opportunities in various tourism areas of specific interest.

Unit I

Basics of adventure Tourism - Principles and concepts - Different types - Significance and challenges - Organizations and training institutes in India - Sports authority of respective states.

Unit II

Land, Water and Air Based Adventure Activities - Basic minimum standards - IMF Rules for mountain expedition - Tools and equipment used in land, water and air based activities - Popular tourist destinations in the world and India.

Unit III

Sports Tourism - Principles of sports tourism and management - Categories - Sports tourist profiles - Sports tourism industry - Suppliers of sports tourism goods and services - Indicators of sports tourism demand - Management of sport events - Sports marketing and sponsorship.

Wellness Tourism: Historical perspective of healing and bath - Dimensions of health, wellness and well-being - spirituality - Tools for Wellness: Medicine, Therapy:- Therapeutic Recreation, Psychology, Nutrition, Rehabilitation, Cosmetics - Leisure, Lifestyle and Tourism: Therapeutic recreation, psychology, Nutrition, Rehabilitation, Cosmetics. Factors influencing health and wellness tourism - Spa tourism, Ayurveda tourism, Holistic tourism, Spiritual tourism, Ashram tourism.

Unit V

Medical and Health Tourism: Forms and typologies - Factors affecting health tourism - AYUSH - Yoga & meditation tourism - Important yoga centres in India.

Text Books

Buckley. R., Adventure Tourism Management, CABI Publishing, ISBN: 978-1845931223

Gupta. V.K, Tourism in India. Gyan Publishing House, Delhi, ISBN: 978-8121201247

Smith, M., & Puczkó, L. (2008). Health and wellness tourism. Routledge.

References

Malik, S.S., Potential of adventure Tourism in India, Agam Kala Prakashan Publishers. ISBN: 978-8173200625

Negi.J. Adventure Tourism and Sports: Risks and Challenges. Kanishka Publishing House. ISBN: 978-8173913501

Erfurt-Cooper, P., & Cooper, M. (2009). Health and wellness tourism. Channel View Publications.

Semester : V

Course Code : BTT 501	Course Title
Core/ Elective : Core	Business Strategy and
No. of Credits : 5	Entrepreneurship

Course Objectives

- To understand the dynamics of strategy formulation and implementation;
- To appreciate the scope for entrepreneurship in tourism
- To enable the students to initiate start ups in Tourism and travel.

Learning Outcome

• Will be able to choose their careers to become entrepreneurs.

Unit I

Strategic Management Process - Environmental scanning and analysis - Strategy formulation - Michael Porter on strategy - BCG matrix - Generic strategies - Integration strategies - Outsourcing strategies - Offensive and defensive strategies - Strategic alliances.

Unit II

Role of Entrepreneurship in Economic Development - Entrepreneurial competencies - Functions of entrepreneurship - Types of entrepreneurs - Mergers and acquisitions - Diversification - strategic intent and fit.

Unit III

Entrepreneurship Theories & Approaches - Entrepreneurial motivation - Entrepreneurial climate - Preparing a business plan - Meaning and objectives of business plan - Advantages and cost of preparing a business plan - Elements and critical assessment - Myths about entrepreneurship.

Entrepreneurship in tourism - Opportunity identification - Business plan - Feasibility Report - Funding options - Organizational framework for promotion and development of tourism and travel business - MSMEs and respective state entrepreneurship training - Training institutions.

Unit V

Creativity and Innovation - Roadblocks to creativity - Promotion of start-ups - Problems faced by Small scale entrepreneurs - Barriers to entrepreneurship - Role of creativity and innovation in entrepreneurship - Skill India council schemes.

Text Book

Kazmi, A., & Kazmi, A. Strategic management. McGraw - Hill Education. Srinivasan. R (2006), Strategic Management: the Indian Concept, 2nd Ed., Prentice Hall India, New Delhi.

References

John A. Pearce II & Richard B. Robinson Jr. (1991) Strategic Management, 3rd Ed, AITBS, New Delhi.

Michael E. Porter (1985), Competitive Advantage, Free Press, New York.

Miller. A & Dess. G.G (1996), Strategic Management, 2nd Ed., McGraw Hill, New York.

Peter F. Drucker (1985), Innovation & Entrepreneurship, Harper & Row, New York.

Thomson. A. A., Stick land. A.J. & Cambel. J. E.,(2005), Crafting and Executing Strategy - the Quest for Competitive Advantage, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.

Course Code : **BTT 502** Core/ Elective : **Core** No. of Credits : **5**

Course Title Legal and Regulatory Framework in Tourism and Travel

Course Objectives

- To create awareness on legal and regulatory terminology related to tourism and travel industry.
- To be able to relate legal framework in relation to day-to-day activities of tourism and travel industry

Learning Outcome

• Will be able to understand the legal procedures in tourism and travel sector

Unit I

Introduction To Contract Law: Formation of Agreement - Business contracts - Termination of contracts - Consumer Protection Act - Unfair trade practices.

Unit II

Laws Relating to E-Commerce: Cyber crimes - Environmental Protection Laws - Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Sites and Remains Act, 1958 -Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 - UNESCO and WTO Regulations.

Unit III

National Tourism Policy, 2002: Guidelines for Code of Conduct for Safe and Honourable Tourism, 2010 - Guidelines - Approval and registration of Incredible India bed and breakfast homestay establishments - Guidelines for inbound tour operators - Guidelines for adventure tour operators.

Passport (Entry into India) Act, 1920 - AP Tourism Laws (AP tourism, Culture and Heritage Board Act - Indian Tolls (AP amendment) Act, 2002 - AP Tourism Authority - Discussion on a few state tourisms laws (J & K, Himachal Pradesh, Delhi, Kerala, Rajasthan, Tamil Nadu, etc.)

Unit V

Surface, Sea and air transport laws in relation to carriage of passengers within the legal framework - Connectivity and economic development - Ethics in tourism and travel industry - Environmental protection laws - Service tax.

Textbooks

Legal Aspects of Business: Akhileshwar Pathak (2010), Fourth Edition, TMH, ISBN: 978-0-07-068197-2

Legal Aspects of Business: Daniel Albuquerque (2014), Third Edition, Oxford University Press, ISBN: 978-0-19-807710-7.

References

Contract Act - Consumer Protection Act, 1986 - Constitution of India - Criminal Procedure Code 1973 - Environmental Protection Act 1986 - Foreign Exchange Management Act - Forest Conservation Act 1980 - Negotiation Instruments Act 1881 - Prevention of Food Adulteration Act 1954 - Passports Act 1967 - RBI guidelines - Sale of Goods Act 1930 - The Pondicherry code - volume I - Wildlife Protection Act 1972.

Foreign Exchange Management Act, http://finmin.nic.in/the_minister/dept_eco _affairs/america_canada/fema_acts/index.html

Foreigners Registration Act, http://www.immigrationindia.nic.in/registration_requriements.html

The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, amended 1991, http://envfor.nic/legis/legis.html

Tulsain P.C (2007), Business Laws, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.

- To familiarize the students with the essentials of Event Management;
- To understand the potential of MICE and Event Tourism.

Learning Outcome

• To enable the students to take up project works and start-ups in the area.

Unit I

Introduction to Events: Scope - Nature and importance - Types of events - Unique features and similarities - Practices in event management - Key steps to a successful event - Event planning and organizing.

Unit-II

The Dynamics of Event Management: Leadership and participants management - Managing people and time - Site and infrastructure management - Problem identification, Solving and crisis management - Crowd management plan - Legal compliances.

Unit-III

Introduction to MICE: Planning MICE - Components of the conference market - Characteristics of conferences and conventions - MICE as a supplement to tourism - The nature and demand of conference markets - The economic and social significance of conventions - Process of convention management - MICE and social responsibility.

Unit-IV

Event Marketing: Customer care - Marketing equipment and tools - Promotion - Media relations and publicity - Event Co-ordination - Visual and electronic

communication - Event presentation - Event evaluation - Ethics in event management - Case studies of events of national and international importance.

Unit-V

Travel Industry Fairs - Benefits of fairs - ITB, WTM, BTF, TTW, FITUR, KTM, IITM, CII - Events - PATA travel mart.

Text Books

Anton Shone & Bryn Parry (2002), Successful Event Management, Cengage Learning.

Leonard H. Hoyle (2002), Event Marketing, John Wiley and Sons, New York.

Van der Wagen, L. (2010). Event management. Pearson Higher Education AU.

References

Avrich Barry (1994), Event and Entertainment Marketing, Vikas, New Delhi.
Bhatia A.K. (2001), Event Management, Sterling Publishers, New Delhi.
David C. Watt (1998), Event Management in Leisure and Tourism, Pearson, UK.
Joe Gold Blatt (1997), Special Events - Best Practices in Modern Event Management, John Wiley and Sons, New York.

Panwar J.S. (1998), Marketing in the New Era, Sage, New Delhi.

- To get the students acquainted with Aviation Industry.
- To make the students familiarise with the basic aviation fare structure.

Learning Outcome

• Will be able to understand the nuances of airline routing, airfare construction, documentation and handling ticketing.

Unit I

Introduction to Airline Industry: Important international conventions (Warsaw Convention, Bermuda Convention and Chicago Convention) - Freedom of Air - IATA traffic conference areas and subareas - Role of IATA and ICAO - Latest trends in aviation in India - Problems and prospects of indian aviation industry.

Unit II

Familiarization with OAG: 3-letter codes, airport codes, airline designated codes - Minimum Connecting Time (MCT) - Global Indicators.

Familiarization with PAT: Introduction to general terms and abbreviations - PAT extracts - General rules - Fares and fare rules.

Unit III

Familiarization with Air Tariff: Currency rules - NUC conversion factors - IROE - ICER - Journey types and pricing units - Fare selection - IATA Billing and Settlement Plan (BSP).

Planning itinerary by air: Itinerary terms - Fares and fare selection - Country and currency codes - fares and fees - International mileage and routing systems - Extra Mileage Allowance (EMA) - Extra Mileage Surcharge (EMS).

Introduction to Fare Construction: One-way fare construction with MPM, TPM, EMA, EMS and HIP check - Round and circle trip fare construction with selection of break point and CTM check - Child and infant fares - Special fares - Surcharges - Consolidator and net fares.

Unit V

Documentation: Understanding the E-Ticket - EMDs - Travel information manual (VISA, Passport, Currency, Customs and Health) - Immigration formalities at the airport for Inbound and outbound tourists - General ethics to be followed by the airline staff and ticketing agents.

Text Books

Davidoff, D.S. and Davidoff, P.G. (1995). Air Fares and Ticketing. New York: Prentice Hall.

Gupta, S.K. (2007). International Airfare and Ticketing - Methods and Techniques, New Delhi: UDH Publishers and Distributers (P) Ltd.

References

Air Traffic Manuals.

Foster, Dennis L. (2010). Reservations and Ticketing with Sabre. London: CreateSpace.

Project Objective

• To enable the student to learn the implementation of the concepts and principles in real time situation.

Project Outcome

• Will have knowledge about the application of concepts and practices in the industry.

About the Project

The students are imparted theoretical inputs through classroom learning. As prospective employees in the corporate organizations, the students of B.Voc (TTM) are expected to observe and learn the implementation of the concepts and principles in a real time situation. Therefore, the students will have to work for 8 - 10 weeks in an organization under the mentorship of an external guide in the organization and an internal guide from the University. After returning from the summer training in the organization, during the subsequent semester, the students, under the supervision of internal guide of the University are expected to compile, analyse and interpret data, submit their findings and learning experiences from the project. They are expected to prepare a report and submit to the University as a Summer Training Project.

Evaluation Pattern

Summer Training Project is a 5-credit course and evaluated for 100 marks which are divided into two parts i.e., Project report and Viva-voce. Project report carries 50 marks and Viva-voce carries 50 marks.

Semester : VI

Course Code : **BTT 601** Core/ Elective : **Core** No. of Credits : **5**

Course Title Sales and Distribution Management in Tourism

Course Objectives

- To get the students familiarized with the concepts, techniques and dynamics of sales management
- To enhance the knowledge of the students with respect to distribution channels, management and networking in tourism perspective

Learning Outcome

• Will be able to apply the techniques to tourism, sales and distribution management and create an ideal distribution channel.

Unit I

Personal Selling: Types of selling - Alternative sales structures: Network marketing - Mail Order Selling - Elements of direct marketing - Teleshopping - Telemarketing - Systems selling - The selling process - Strategies and styles - Formulating sales objectives - Sales forecasting - Estimating market and sales potential.

Unit II

The Sales Force: Size of the sales force - Sales organization based on Customer, Geography, Product and Combinations and current trends - Sales training programs and motivating the sales force - Sales force compensation, Sales incentives and sales force evaluation - Controlling the sales effort - Sales quotas, Sales territories, Sales audit.

Unit III

Physical Distribution: Participants in physical distribution function - Environment of physical distribution - Channel design strategies and structures

B.Voc Tourism and Travel Management

- Marketing intermediaries - Selecting channel members, setting distribution objectives and tasks - Target markets and channel design strategies.

Unit IV

Managing the Marketing Channel: Product, pricing and promotion issues in channel management and physical distribution - Motivating channel members - Evaluating channel member performance - Vertical Marketing Systems (VMS) - Retail Co-operatives, franchise systems and corporate marketing systems.

Unit V

E-enabled selling and distribution: e-commerce and e-retailing as a channel of distribution, Electronic intermediaries, Disintermediation and Re-intermediation - e-enabled logistics management and tracking systems.

Text Books

Satish K. Kapoor & Purva Kansal (2003), Basic of Distribution Management - a Logistical approach, Prentice - Hall India.

Tapan K. Panda & Sunil Sahadev (2005), Sales and distribution Management, Oxford University Press.

References

Bert Rosenbloom, Marketing Channels: a Management View, Dryden press.

Bowersox & Closs, Logistical Management, Tata McGraw Hill.

Charles Futrell: Sales management, Pearson Education Books

Coughlan, Anderson, Stern & El Ansary, Marketing Channels, Prentice - Hall India.

Efraim Turban, Jae Lee, David King & H. Michael Chung (2000), Electronic Commerce: a Managerial Perspective, Pearson Education Inc.,

Eugene M. Johnson, David L. Kurtz & Eberhard E. Scheuing: Sales management, McGraw Hill.

Richard R. Still, Edward W. Cundiff& Norman A.P. Govani: Sales Management, Prentice - Hall India.

- to understand and appreciate the significance of responsible tourism;
- to be familiar with various approaches and ethical practices with respect to tourism.

Learning Outcome

• Will be exposed to concepts of sustainable and responsible tourism.

Unit I

Sustainable Tourism and Development: Evolution - Principles, major dimensions of sustainability - Reasons for unsustainable development - Stockholm Conference, 1972 - World Conservation Union, 1980 - WCED 1987 and Brundtland Commission - Rio Declaration 1992 - Kyoto Protocol 1997 - WSSD 2002 - Global warming & climate change.

Unit II

Sustainable Tourism Planning: Topographical analysis - analysis of local resources - Land use pattern (EIA, EIS, EMS) - Community and socio-economic and cultural conditions - Evaluation of impact of tourism site - Zoning system - Carrying capacity.

Unit III

Approaches to Sustainable Tourism: Standardization and certification - Alternative tourism - Responsible tourism - Collaboration and partnership - Waste management - Eco-friendly practices - Sustainable tourism and poverty alleviation - Pro-poor Tourism and community participation.

Unit IV

Quality Standards for Sustainable Tourism: ISO 14000 - Role of WTTC, UNWTO, PATA, UNEP, IUCN - Code of conduct for accommodation and transport operators - Tourism code - Tourism Bill of Rights - Case studies on island tourism in Andaman & Nicobar - Hill tourism in Udhagamandalam and Sikkim - Beach tourism in Goa.

Unit V

Ecotourism: Basics of ecology - Function and management of ecosystem - Biodiversity and its conservation - Food cycle and food chain - Pollution - Ecological foot prints - Relationship between tourism & ecology - Mass tourism vs Ecotourism - Ecotourism activities & impacts - Eco-friendly facilities and amenities.

Text Books

Fennel, D. A. (1999), Ecotourism - An Introduction, Routledge Publication.

Inskeep, E. (1991), Tourism Planning: An Integrated and Sustainable Development Approach, New York: Van Nostrand Reinhold.

Ritchie, J.R. & Crouch, I.G (2005), the Competitive Destination - A Sustainable Tourism Perspective, CABI Publishing, UK.

References

Middleton, V.T.C and Hawkins, R. (1998), Sustainable Tourism: A Marketing Perspective, Butterworth - Heinemann, Oxford.

Mowforth, M. and Munt, I. (2003), Tourism and Sustainability. Development and New Tourism in the Third World. Routledge, London.

Ralf Buckley (2004), Environment Impacts of Ecotourism, CABI, London.

Wahab, S and John J. Pigram, J.J. (1997), Tourism, Development and Growth: The Challenge of Sustainability, Routledge, London.

Weaver, D. (2001), The Encyclopedia of Ecotourism, CABI Publication, UK.

- To familiarize the learner about booking of tickets through CRS and constructing airfares.
- To extend hands-on training with standard CRS packages like Amadeus, Galileo etc.

Learning Outcome

• Will be able to book flight tickets through softwares.

Unit I

Introduction - Flight availability - Selling air segments - Passenger name records

Unit II

Supplementary Data - Modifying a PNR - Fare displays

Unit III

Itinerary Pricing - Issuing tickets - Advance seat assignments

Unit IV

Queues - Customer profiles - Reference information

Unit V

Hotel Reservation - Car rentals - Miscellaneous entries *NOTE: Based on the industrial preference and training material availability, the CRS can be opted from the available CRSs.

References

Amadeus training software. Galileo training software.

B.Voc Tourism and Travel Management

- To make the students aware of about the problems and issues faced by tourism industry caused by natural and man-made disasters.
- To train the student to react and act accordingly at the time of a disaster when guiding tourists.
- To familiarize the students with the complexities of disasters and possible solutions.

Learning Outcome

• Will be able to address and mitigate the losses that occur due to disasters.

Unit I

Understanding Disasters: Understanding the concepts and definitions of Disaster, Hazard, Vulnerability, Risk, Capacity - Disaster and development - Disaster management: Types, trends, causes, consequences and control of disasters - Global disaster trends - Emerging risks of disasters - Climate change - Urban disasters.

Unit II

Impacts of Disasters : Difference between accidents and disasters - Simple and Complex Disasters - Refugee problems - Multi-faceted impacts of disasters on tourism - Principles of psychosocial issues and recovery during emergency situations - Relationship between disasters and tourism development and vulnerabilities - Role of a travel and tourism stake holders.

Unit III

Disaster Management Cycle and Framework: Preparedness - Capacity development - Disaster communication - Search and rescue - Incident Command System - Relief and rehabilitation - Post-disaster activities -

Refugee operations during disasters - Human resettlement and rehabilitation -Inter-sectoral coordination during disasters - Reconstruction and redevelopment - IDNDR - Hyogo Framework of Action - Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction.

Unit IV

Disasters and Tourism Development: Factors affecting tourism at a destination - Vulnerabilities - Differential impacts - Impact of development projects such as dams - climate change adaptation - Relevance of indigenous knowledge - Appropriate technology and local resources (and their influences on tourism activities)

Unit V

Disaster Risk Management in India : Hazard and vulnerability profile of India - Components of disaster relief: water, food, sanitation, shelter, and health - Waste management institutional arrangements - DM Act and Policy -Other related policies.

Practicals: First Aid - CPR, Fire Rescue - Emergency Evacuations - Snake and insects bites - Food poisoning etc.

- All students should attend at least one workshop organized by NDRF during the semester
- Case Studies on Disaster Management with respect to tourism will be discussed to enhance practical understanding of situations.

Reference Books

Coppola D P, 2007. Introduction to International Disaster Management, Elsevier Science (B/H), London.

Management of Natural Disasters in Developing Countries, H.N. Srivastava & G.D. Gupta, Daya Publishers, Delhi, 2006, 201 pages

References

An overview on Natural & Man - made Disasters and their Reduction, R K Bhandani, CSIR, New Delhi

Disaster Preparedness Kit, American Red Cross

Manual on Natural Disaster Management in India, M C Gupta, NIDM, New Delhi World Disasters Report, 2009. International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent, Switzerland

- To help the students learn about the profession of tour guiding by giving them a practical experience of tour guiding in real life.
- To orient them to the nitty-gritty of this profession.

Learning Outcome

• Will be able to take up tour guiding as a career option

Unit I

Tour Guiding: Introduction to tour guiding and tour escorting - Difference between tour guiding and tour escorting - Role of a tour guide - Tour guiding in India - Characteristics of a tour guide - Steps to become a tour guide - Presenting yourself - Making sense of cultural differences.

Unit II

Guiding Techniques: Understanding the dynamics of tour guiding - Practical tips - Mechanics of tour guiding - Tools of the trade.

Unit III

Practical Guiding: Guiding at a monument - Guiding at a religious site - Guiding at a museum - Guiding on an archaeological site - Guiding on a nature walk - Guiding on a walking tours - Guiding on a coach - Designing and conducting heritage walks.

Unit IV

Situation Handling: Handling difficult tourists - Handling questions - Handling emergencies - Searching for information - Responsible guiding - Designing and conducting heritage walks.

Unit V

Managing Guiding Business: How to plan an Itinerary - Partners in business - Setting up a tour guiding business - Code of conduct for tour guides in India (MoT).

Text Books

Chowdhary, Nimit (2013). Handbook for Tour Guides. New Delhi: Matrix Publishers. (L)

References

G.E. (2005). How to Start a Tour Guiding Business. Charleston: The GEM Group Ltd.

Pond, K.L. (1993). The Professional Guide. New York: Van Nostrand Reinhold. (L) Mitchell,

Course Code : **BTT 612** Core/ Elective : **Elective (Group-A)** No. of Credits : **5**

Course Objectives

- To familiarise the importance of culture and cross cultural linkages in tourism.
- To understand the motivators and deterrents of tourist behavior.
- To identify the trends in tourism market and tourist behavior.

Learning Outcome

• Will be able to understand the behaviour of tourists of different cultures around the globe.

Unit I

Introduction to Tourist Behavior and Culture: Determinants of tourist behavior - Globalization - Tourism and culture - Cultural diversity - Tourist behavior: importance, models of Tourism behavior (Nicosia Model; Um and Crompton; Woodside and Lysonski; Mayo and Jarvis; etc.) - Indian outbound travel market - Factors affecting tourist behavior.

Unit II

Theoretical Framework: Cultural theories and practices - Culture - Intercultural theories - Motivators & models of purchase decision - Making process (Mathieson and Wall; Stimulus Response Model (Middleton); etc.)

Unit III

Typologies of Tourist Behavior: Typologies and their critique - Marketing applications - Tourism - Specific market segmentation - Tourism demand and markets: Global pattern of tourism demand; Nature of demand in tourism market; Consumer behavior and markets in different sectors of tourism.

Unit IV

Consumer Behavior and Marketing in Tourism: The emergence of new markets and changes in tourist demand - Quality and tourist satisfaction - Trends - Host - Guest interactions and their impacts: physical, social, cultural, environmental - Tourist-guide interaction and its impact.

Unit V

Culture: Cultural practices and tourism impacts on culture - Cultural differences - Cultural variability - Sources of differences - Cross cultural comparisons: concepts and challenges - Cultural shock - Differences among international societies like Asia, Australia, India etc.

Text Books

Horner, Susan, and Swarbrooke, John (2007). Consumer Behavior in Tourism, 2/e. Burlington: Butterworth - Heinemann. (L)

Reisinger, Yvette (2009). International Tourism: Cultures and Behaviors. Burlington: Butterworth - Heinemann

References

Bowen, D. and Clarke, J. (2009). Contemporary Tourist Behavior: Yourself and Others and Tourists. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Hooker, John (2003). Working Across Cultures. Stanford: Stanford University Press.

- To orient the students about the scope of tour escorting as a career option.
- To help the students to learn about the profession of tour escorting by giving them a practical experience of real life situations.
- To familiarize them to the nitty-gritty of this profession and to deliver key skills.

Learning Outcome

• Will be able to take up career in tour guiding and escorting profession

Unit I

Tour Leadership: Introduction to tour leadership - Characteristics of tour escorting profession - difference between tour escorting and tour guiding - Advantages and disadvantages of choosing tour escorting as a profession - Tour management in India and abroad - Skills and competencies required to be a tour manager - Presenting yourself - Challenges faced by a tour manager

Unit II

Roles and Duties : Pre-trip Duties / Preparation - Understanding client profile - Tour Escort File: Checklist at the point of departure - Responsibilities at the airport:- Meet and greet - Airport check-in procedures - Customs and Immigration - Group clearance - Luggage responsibilities at the hotel: Checkin, Check-out, rooming list, meal requests - Responsibilities during sight-seeing tours: On-tour operation / conduct - Organising commentary: Commentary / Storytelling - Destination briefing - Time schedule - Points of interests - Getting a "Mental Picture" of routing & landmarks - Handling microphone - Operating instructions / Routing - Computing time / distance / routing technology - Map reading - Luggage handling - Familiarisation of coach - Working with the local driver - Gratuities - Working with the local guide.

Unit III

Responsibilities on a train/cruise: Embarkation - Initial briefing/duties aboard ship / train - Disembarkation.

Unit IV

Group management and situation handling: Why do people go on tours? -Group control and setting limits - Handling difficult tourists - Communication skills - Typical day -to- day problems - Listening skills - Conflict resolution - Keeping your cool - Creativity - Tips to keep group happy - Ethical and professional considerations - Handling emergency situations.

Unit V

Other roles and responsibilities: The professional daily briefing - Dealing with FAQ's - Taking care of logistics - Dine around, shopping / Commissions / Ethics - Safety of guests - Arrival preparations: Briefing instructions and reconfirming flights - Tour conclusion and feedback - Tools of the trade for the tour manager - Understanding cross cultural differences.

Text books

Chowdhary, Nimit (2013). Handbook for Tour Guides. New Delhi: Matrix Publishers. (L)

References

Mitchell, G.E. (2005). How to Start a Tour Guiding Business. Charleston: The GEM Group Ltd.

Pond, K.L. (1993). The Professional Guide. New York: Van Nostrand Reinhold. (L)

- To provide a framework of the civil airport operations in a practical context and prepare the students for different modules.
- To gain insight into the way civil aviation has responded to technological changes and increased threat perception.
- To utilize case studies, classroom discussions and lectures, requiring both a pre course assignment as well as case study preparation.

Learning Outcome

• Will be able to understand the airport management with conceptual knowledge

Unit I

Overview of The Airline Industry: Link between airline and transportation - Effects of technological developments and innovation on airport operations - Effective management and leadership skills in the airport business - The threat to civil airports - the way we are post - 9/11 - Threat assessment and risk management - Security management systems and culture - Passengers security - Cargo security - Security quality control

Unit II

Standard Envelopes for Traffic Documents: Use of airlines documents - Guidelines for establishing aircraft ground times - Common Use Terminal Equipment (CUTE) Systems - Aircraft emergency procedures - Aircraft / airport security procedures - Quality management system - Performing airport handling quality audit - E-Invoicing standards.

Unit III

Facilitation, Security and Contingency Planning: Passenger handling - Class or type of fare - Denied boarding compensation - Inadmissible passengers and deportees - Items removed from a passenger's possession by security personnel - Hold loading of duty - Free goods - Dangerous goods in passenger baggage: Fuelling with passengers onboard or during embarkation/disembarkation - Recommendations for the handling of Passengers with Reduced Mobility (PRM) - Acceptance and carriage of Passengers with Reduced Mobility (PRM) - Carriage of passengers with communicable diseases - General guidelines for passenger agents in case of suspected communicable disease.

Unit IV

Baggage Handling: Interline and On-line transfer baggage - Baggage theft and pilferage prevention - ULD - Baggage codes for identifying ULD contents and/or bulkloaded baggage - Cargo/mail handling - Preparation for loading of cargo - Securing of load - Collection of sacks and bags - Handling of damaged cargo - Handling of pilfered cargo - Handling wet cargo - Handling perishable cargo - Handling and protection of valuable cargo - Handling and storage of live animals - Handling of human remains - Acceptance standards for the interchange of transferred unit load devices - Handling of battery operated wheelchairs/mobility - AIDS as checked baggage - Handling, mail documents, aircraft documents storage - General, special load - Notification to captain, special load - Notification to Captain.

Unit V

Cargo Trends and Forecasts: Cargo operations DGR, LAR, aircraft handling and loading - Provision and carriage of loading accessories - Tagging of unit load devices, Storage of unit load devices, Continued airworthiness of unit load devices, ULD build-up and breakdown, ULD transportation, ULD operations training and qualification - Operating of aircraft doors, aircraft ground stability - Tipping, potable water servicing, aircraft toilet servicing, bulk compartment load limitation, handling/bulk loading of heavy items, handling and loading of big overhang items, load control, terms and definitions.

Text Books

RigasDoganis,(2010) Flying Off Course Routledge (4th Ed).

Trompenaars & Woolliams, (2006) Business Across Cultures, Capstone Publishing

References

Diana M. Stancu, AVSEC Conventions: beyond Chicago, until Beijing in Aviation Security International, October 2010, Vol. 16, Issue 5 (pp. 11 - 13)

K. Jack Riley(2011), Air Travel Security Since 9/11, Rand Corporate Publication.

Robert W. Poole(2008), Risk Based Aviation Security, Joint Transport Research Center.

Spekman& Isabella (2000), Alliance Competence, Wiley Holden (2002), Cross Cultural Management, Pearson

Stephan Holloway (2003), Straight and Level: Practical Airline Economics, Ashgate (2nd Ed.)

- To understand the Indian-international relations and its impact on tourism.
- To expose the students to the trends in outbound and inbound tourism of India.
- To provide an understanding on the role played by international and national organizations in promoting international tourism.

Learning Outcome

• Will be able to understand tourism from the international perspective

Unit I

Domestic and International Tourism: Definition, nature and scope - Role of government in promotion of domestic and international tourism in India - Types of international and domestic tourism - Indian international relations with its neighboring countrie and its impact on Tourism.

Unit II

Economic impact of international tourism: Factors affecting global & regional tourist movements - Contemporary trends in international tourist movements - Characteristics of inbound tourism and patterns of India's major international market - Long-term tourism growth trends - Tourism growth in major regions.

Unit III

Alternative Tourism: Meaning, types and importance - Case studies of alternative tourism destinations: India, Costa Rica and Brazil - Barriers to travel: Economical, Political, Health and environmental risk.

Unit IV

Patterns and characteristics of India's outbound tourism: Case study of Dubai, Singapore, Malaysia and Thailand - Domestic tourism in India - Major tourist generating states in India - International Conventions: Warsaw 1924, Chicago 1944.

Unit V

International organizations: WTO, WTTC, IATA, PATA, ASTA, UFTAA - National tourism organizations: MOTGOI, TAAI, IATO - Development of transportation, technology & automation worldwide - Case studies on intercontinental transportation routes.

Text Books

A.K. Bhatia (2021), International Tourism, Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd; third edition. ISBN - 10: 9386245507, ISBN - 13: 978 - 938624550

Robert C Mill and Alastair M Morrison, The Tourism System, Kendall/Hunt Publishing Co, U.S.; 7th Revised edition, ISBN - 10: 0757599761, ISBN - 13: 978 - 0757599767

References

A K Bhatia (2020), Tourism Development: Principles & Practices, Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd; Second Edition, ISBN-10: 9386245620, ISBN-13: 978-9386245625

Sampad Kumar Swain and Jitendra Mohan Mishra, Tourism: Principles and Practices, Oxford University Press, ISBN-10: 0198072368, ISBN-13: 978-0198072362

Stephen J. Page, Tourism Management: An Introduction, S.Chand (G/L) & Company Ltd; 4th edition, ISBN - 10: 0080969321, ISBN - 13: 978-0080969329

- To provide basic understanding about the logistics and supply chain management.
- To gives a clear view on the flow of activities in the real time applications.

Learning Outcome

• Will be able to understand basic logistics, supply chain management procedures in Tourism and Travel Industry

Unit-I

Logistics and Supply Chain Management: Logistics - role, scope, functions and importance - Integrated logistics management - Concept - Importance -Types of supply chains and examples - Process views of supply chain - Supply chain drivers and metrics - Strategic, Tactical, and operational decisions in supply chain - Supply chain management:- functions, significance - Differences between logistics and supply chain management - Importance of SCM in tourism industry - Logistics and SC network design - Network design in a supply chain - Network design in an uncertain environment.

Unit II

Planning Demand and Supply: Demand forecasting - Managing uncertainty in supply chain inventory management - MRP - DRP - Transportation management - Distribution networks - Warehousing management - Sourcing decisions in supply chain - Third and fourth party logistics providers -Purchasing and supplier management sourcing - Vender identification, selection, evaluation, development - Supplier relationship management.

Unit III

Pricing and Revenue Management: Role of pricing and revenue management

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in a supply chain - Pricing and revenue management for multiple customer segments - Coordination in a supply chain: Bull - Whip Effect, lack of coordination in a supply chain, CPFR, Supply chain performance measures.

Unit IV

Global Logistics and SCM: International logistics and supply chain management - Importance of logistics and SCM to international business - Designing global supply chain networks - Globalisation and supply chain challenges.

Unit V

IT and SCM: The applications enabling technologies for supporting logistics and supply chain decisions - Role of IT in logistics and SCM - ERP - Impact of internet and E-Commerce - Internet enabled supply chains: E-Operations, E-Marketplaces, E-Procurement, E-Logistics, E-Fulfillment, Web services - Supply chain automation and supply chain integration - Supply chain performance measurement system.

Case Studies: Green Supply Chain, Score Model, Fisher Framework, Hau Lee Framework, Ford, Toyota, Dell supply chain.

Text Books

Chopra, S., Meindl, P., Kalra, D.V.(2010), Supply Chain Management: Strategy, Planning and Operations. Pearson.

References

Coyle, Bardi and Langley (2003), Thomson the Management of Business Logistics., 7th edition, Thomson Southwestern

David Simchi - Levi, Philip Kaminsky (2003), Designing and Managing the Supply Chain: Concepts, Strategies, and Case Studies, 2nd edition, Graw Hill.

Irwin (2001), Strategic Logistics Management, 4 Ed. McGraw .Hill

Raghuram and Rangaraj, (2003) Logistics and SCM., Macmillan.

Spear Steven & Bowen H.Kent, Decoding the DNA of the Toyota Production System, Havard Business Review, Sept - Oct 1999.

Vinod V Sople, Logistics Management Pearson Education

Course Code : **BTT 622** Core/ Elective : **Elective (Group-B)** No. of Credits : **5**

Course Objectives

- To provide basic understanding of various regulatory and facilitating organizations and intermediaries.
- To help the learner make a career in shipping and transport industry.

Learning Outcomes

• Will be able to understand conventions, cargo handling equipment, movement of cargo and security concerns.

Unit-I

Regulatory and Facilitating Organizations and Role of Intermediaries: Role of national and international regulatory and facilitation organizations (IMO, UNCITRAL, UNCTAD, ICC, ICU, Ministry of Shipping and Commerce, Customs & Excise, WTO) - Introduction to International Trade and economics of sea Transport Agency Role and Functions - Ship handlers - Cargo Consolidating agents - Customs house agents - Freight Forwarders - Stevedores - Liner and streamer agents - Charterers agents - National and international Agency associations - Multi model transport operators agency Contractors .

Unit-II

Maritime Labour Conventions and Recommendations: Merchant Shipping Conventions, 1976 - Seaport Development - Indian Dock Labour Act and Regulations - Role of ILO and International Labour Convention.

Unit-III

CMS and Cargo Handling Equipment: Cargo handling process - Types of cargo transportation systems - Dry bulk, break bulk, liquid bulk - Cargo handling equipment - Various equipment like cranes, conveyor systems, pipe lines, liquid cargo pumping systems, self-unloading ships, Wagon tippers, and automated bagging machines.

Unit-IV

Shipping (Cargo) Regulations: Merchant Shipping Carriage of Cargo Rules, 1995 - Understanding the role of the Director General of Shipping - Commerce and Customs in the Implementation of National Law like the Merchant Shipping Act - Indian COGSA - Multi Model Transportation Goods Act - Customs Act - National Foreign Trade Policy - International Conventions / regulations and codes relating to Bulk cargo - Customs procedures (Unified Customs Protocol)
Indian Law of Contracts - Shipping procedures & shipping procedures in India - import & export procedure - Customs procedures & container freight stations - ICD - INCO Terms - Documentation such as Bill of Landing, Proforma Invoice, Actual Invoice - Liability and Insurance.

Unit-V

Hazardous Material Shipping Procedure: International and National regulations for transportation of hazardous material in bulk and packaged form (IMDG code) - Environment protection requirements involved in transportation of hazardous cargo - Responsibilities of importer / exporter, shippers and agents - dangerous goods declaration - classes of dangerous goods - procedures for handling dangerous materials - Security: Port Security, Marine Security, Cargo Security - Traffic Control - Technology and Equipment used in port security - Maritime frauds.

Text books

J. Mark Rowbotham Introduction to Marine Cargo Management, Lloyd's Practical Shipping Guides

Prem Nath Dhar Global Cargo Management: Concept, Typology, Law And Policy Kanishka Publishiners Distributors

References

Bes J,(1992). Chartering Shipping Terms. London: Barker and Howard.Branch. A , (1999). Elements of Shipping (7th Ed). London .Brodie P(1999). Commercial Shipping Hankbook Lloyds of London Press.Packard William V(2004),. Cargoes Shipping Books (2nd Ed).

- To acquaint the students with foreign exchange markets and management in order to prepare them to operate in an increasingly global business scenario.
- To give the students a scope to find career in banking and financial institutions

Learning Outcome

• Will be able to deal with foreign exchange management

Unit I

International Monetary System: Evolution of the international monetary system - Bimetallism - Gold standard - Bretton Woods system - Flexible exchange rate regime - Current exchange rate arrangements (Basic Idea).

Unit II

Concepts and Provisions: Concept of authorized person - Categories of authorized dealers - current account transaction - capital account transaction - Regulation and management of foreign exchange: FEMA (Main Objectives) - realization and repatriation of foreign exchange.

Unit III

Foreign Exchange Market: Structure of foreign exchange market (global & Indian) - Participants in foreign exchange market - Types of transactions & foreign exchange market - Spot Market: Concept of spot rate, spot rate quotations, bid - ask spreads, Trading in spot markets - Forward Market: Concept of forward rate, long and short forward positions, forward premium and discount.

Unit IV

Exchange Rate: Concept and its determinants - BSR and BBR - Types of exchange rates - Government intervention and government influence on exchange rates - Buying Power: Concept and its effect on Travel trends.

Unit V

Foreign Exchange Rules in India: Residents and non-residents accounts in foreign currency - Import and export of foreign exchange - Import and export of Indian currency - Foreign exchange facilities or restrictions in India (Basic Idea) - Foreign exchange rules in India for Tourists.

Text books

Apte, P.G., Multinational Financial Management, New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill, 1998

Jeevanandam C, Foreign Exchange & Risk Management, New Delhi: Sultan Chand & Sons.

References

Cheol S. Eun & Bruce G. Resnick, International Financial Management, McGraw Hill.

Levi, Maurice, International Finance, New York: McGraw Hill Inc.

Madura, Jeff, International Corporate Finance, Cengage Learning.

RBI Guidelines on Foreign Exchange (Latest)

Course Code : **BTT 624** Core/ Elective : **Elective (Group-B)** No. of Credits : **5**

Course Objectives

- To provide the basic understanding of export and import procedure and Documentation
- To help the student in professional life when working at airports or cargo companies.

Learning Outcomes

 Will be acquainted with all types of documentation related to exports and imports

Unit I

Export Procedures and Documentation: Types of exports - Types of exporters - Institutional framework for promotion of exports - Legal framework governing exports - Need for export procedure and documentation.

Unit II

Export Procedures: Pre-shipment and Post-Shipment procedures - Foreign trade policy.

Unit III

Export Documentation: Mandatory documents for export - Commercial and regulatory documents - Multimodal transport documentation.

Unit IV

Export Incentives: Overview of export incentives - EPCG, Duty drawbacks, duty exemption schemes, tax incentives - Procedure and documentation for availing incentives - Trading Houses - Export and trading houses schemes - criteria, procedure and documentation - Policies and procedures for EOU/FTZ/ EPZ/SEZ units - Incoterms and its usage.

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Unit V

Import Procedure and Documentation: Types of imports - Need for licensing - Types of licensing - Import procedures and documentation.

Text Books

C. Rama Gopal, Export Import Procedures: Documentation and Logistics, New Age International

Francis Cherunilam, International Trade and Export Management

References

Desai, H.B. Indian shipping Perspectives, Delhi : Anupam Publications EXIM Policy & Handbook of EXIM Procedure - VOL I & II Kapoor, D. C., Export Management, Jain Book Depot Mahajan, A Guide on Export Policy Procedure & Documentation, Snow White Publications Pvt. Ltd

- To understand the scale and scope of the cruise market
- To understand the roles and responsibilities on a cruise ship the personnel structures, contracts, and organizations relevant to cruises.

Learning Outcome

• Will be able to understand the itinerary planning, along with other issues related to cruise management

Unit I

Cruise Operations and Cruise Products: History and image of cruising -Cruise brands and market - Acquisitions and mergers - Marketing actions and alliances - The cruise product - Brand value and vessel classification.

Unit II

Cruise Geography and Itinerary planning: Primary cruising regions: The Caribbean - Europe and the Mediterranean - North America - Oceania and the South Pacific - other Cruise destinations - Itinerary planning - Tourist Motivation - Shore excursions - Case studies.

Unit III

On Board Services: Roles and responsibilities on a cruise ship - Management of hotel services - Customer service - Management of F&B services - Food production and service delivery system - Customer demands and operation capabilities - Planning wine list.

Unit IV

Management of facilities on Cruise: Revenue and yield management - administering accommodation - Aesthetics and Ergonomics - Accommodation

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systems - Environmental issues - Training staff - Skill development - Learning and development - Learning of cultures.

Unit V

Maritime Issues, Legislation and Safety: Shipping industry - Marine security - Marine pollution - Sanitation and cleanliness - Maritime organizations - Vessel sanitation program - Safety and risk assessing - Providing services to customers with special needs - The Norovirus.

Text Books

Ahuja S, Cruise Operations Management. Elsevier Science (Reprint Technical Science & Engineering) (1 January 2010), ISBN-10 : 9789380501611, ISBN-13: 978 - 9380501611

Philip Gibson, Cruise Operations Management: Hospitality Perspectives (The Management of Hospitality and Tourism Enterprises). A Butterworth - Heinemann Title; 1st edition (23 June 2006), ISBN-10 : 0750678356, ISBN-13 : 978-0750678353

References

Cletus Fernandes, Food & Beverage service for students of Hospitality: For Hotel and Cruise line operations. Notion Press; 1st edition (29 October 2020), ISBN-10: 1636697712, ISBN-13: 978-1636697710

Philip Gibson, Cruise Operations Management. Routledge; Second edition (1 February 2012); Taylor & Francis Books India Pvt. Ltd. ISBN-10:036747526X, ISBN-13:978-0367475260

Philip Gibson and Richard Parkman, Cruise Operations Management: Hospitality Perspectives. Routledge; 3rd edition (4 October 2018), ISBN-10 : 113850517X, ISBN-13 : 978-1138505179